



ANNUAL REPORT  
ON THE  
ADMINISTRATION  
OF THE  
KOTAH STATE

FOR THE  
SAMVAT YEAR 1966.

*(1st October 1909 to 30th September 1910).*



BY  
DIWAN BAHADUR  
CHAUBE RAGHUNATH DAS  
DIWAN.



AJMER:  
SCOTTISH MISSION INDUSTRIES COMPANY, LIMITED.

1910.



To

HIS HIGHNESS

THE MAHARAJADHIRAJ MAHARAJ MAHIMAHENDRA,

MAHARAO RAJA MAJOR SIR UMED SINGH

BAHADUR, G.C.I.E., K.C.S.I.

May it please Your Highness—

I have the honor to submit the Annual Report on the Administration of the Kotah State for the Samvat year 1966 (1st October 1909 to 30th September 1910).

I have the honor to be,

SIR,

Your Highness' most obedient Servant,

RAGHUNATH DAS,

*Diwan, Kotah State.*

KOTAH,

*Dated the 1st November 1910.*



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## APPENDICES.



# Administration Report of the Kotah State for the Samvat year 1966 (October 1909 to September 1910).



## CHAPTER I.

### General and Political.

*The area of the State including the 8 fiefs locally known as Kotris is 5,684 square miles and the population 544,879 souls according to the Census of 1901. The Gross revenue calculated on the average of the last five years is Rs. 32,72,320. A tribute of Rs. 2,34,720 is paid to Government and, in addition, a sum of two lakhs is contributed for the maintenance of the Deoli Regiment. A further sum of Rs. 14,397-13-0 (local Jaipur coin) is paid to Jaipur on account of tribute due by the Kotris whose allegiance was transferred to Kotah early in the Nineteenth Century.*

*His Highness, Maharao Sir Umed Singh Bahadur, G.C.I.E., K.C.S.I., the present Chief is 38 years of age, and by caste a Rajput of the Hara Sept of the Chauhan Clan. He is Honorary Major of the 42nd Deoli Regiment. On the death of his first wife, the eldest daughter of His Highness the Maharana of Udaipur, the head of the Sisodias, His Highness married the daughter of His Highness the Rao of Kutch of the Jarija Clan of Rajputs. His Highness is also married to the sister of the Thakur of Isorda in Jaipur, a Kachhwaha Rajput of the Rajawat Sub-clan. A son and a heir was born to His Highness on the morning of the 14th September 1909, and has been given the name of BHIM SINGH.*

2. **MOVEMENTS OF HIS HIGHNESS.**—The usual winter tour of His Highness commenced on the 5th January 1910 and continued till the 4th March. He visited the southern portions of the State. The inspections made were thorough and useful. Special attention was directed to the Settlement work and to seeing how the various papers, books and registers introduced to carry out its results were being prepared, worked and understood by the Local Officials in particular and by the cultivators in general.

3. His Highness paid a flying visit to Bombay in the third week of March and proceeded to Abu on the 24th May, *via* Sawai Madhopur and Jaipur returning to Kotah *via* Ahmedabad on the 6th June.

4. His Highness and the little Maharaj Kumar enjoyed good health throughout the year.

### Notable and Important Events.

5. On the 8th November 1909, the idol of Shri Mathuranathji was brought back to Kotah city from Jatipura in the Muttra district. His Highness accompanied by some of the Sardars and high officials proceeded to the village of Balita on the western side of the Chambal to receive



the 'Thakurji in State and from that place walked back along with the car conveying the idol to the Mathureshji temple in the city. People of all grades turned out in large numbers and showed by fervent exclamations their intense enthusiasm and gratification at the return of their Mathureshji.

### Death of His Late Majesty, King Edward VII.

6. On the afternoon of the 7th May, 1910 whispers were heard in the city that our beloved Emperor Edward VII was no more. The sad news was based on the fact that certain Railway offices were suddenly closed in consequence of instructions received from Bombay. As evening approached, the woeful tidings received further confirmation, but not from official sources, and it was only at 8 o'clock that the Political Agent informed His Highness that the news was only too true.

The shock was as great as it was sudden, and it was for a time difficult to believe the calamity that had taken place.

The rites and ceremonies ordered by His Highness on the communication of the sorrowful event, and also on the 20th May, the date fixed for funeral of His Late Majesty King Edward VII, have already formed the subject of separate official correspondence.

### Accession of His Majesty, King George V.

7. On the 9th May 1910, was received the announcement of the Governor-General-in-Council that His Most Gracious Majesty, King George the Fifth had been proclaimed King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India. The announcement was proclaimed the same evening in the city of Kotah and instructions were sent to the District Officers to make the accession widely known throughout the territories of His Highness.

A grand Darbar largely attended by Sardars, Jagirdars, Officials and Bankers was held with all the formalities befitting the auspicious occasion at 5 P.M. on the 12th May 1910, at the Umed Bhawan Palace. Here, Major A. D. Bannerman, C.I.E., the Political Agent, read out first the Proclamation of the Accession to the Throne of His Most Gracious Majesty, King George the Fifth, King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, and then the declaration made by His Majesty subsequent to the Proclamation. Translations of these pronouncements were read out by the Diwan.

### Revision of the Medical Arrangements in Force in Rajputana.

8. The Government of India having reason to believe that the present system under which Hospital Assistants in Rajputana, while paid by the Darbars are really Government servants, is not convenient to several Ruling Chiefs who, in consequence, desire to have their own men trained exclusively for service in their States, thought it desirable that the question should be discussed at a Conference of the Chiefs to be held at Abu. The Honourable the Agent to the Governor-General

accordingly appointed the 21st May 1910, as the day for the meeting. At this conference a full discussion of the points fixed for consideration by the Honorable Mr. Colvin and also of others that were raised during the debate took place, and the results of the proceedings were summarized as follows :—

- (1) That with the exception of a few States, almost every State desired that the Medical Institutions of the State should in future form part of the State Administration.
- (2) That the larger States desired that British Officers of the Indian Medical Service should be lent to them for employment as officials of the State.
- (3) That as regards Medical subordinates not willing to leave Government service and accept the State service on the terms offered, their reversion to the Government service should be carried out gradually, so as to allow time both to the Government to make arrangements for taking them back, and the Darbars to secure properly trained men to fill up vacancies caused by the change.
- (4) That the new rates of pay granted by Government to Hospital Assistants in British India, should be made applicable to the case of Government Hospital Assistants serving in Rajputana States.

9. At the invitation of the Honourable the Agent to the Governor-General, Diwan Bahadur Chaube Raghunath Das proceeded on the 27th August to Ajmer to represent His Highness at the King Edward Memorial Meeting, proposed to be held there on the afternoon of the 29th August 1910, and returned on the evening of the 31st.

10. On April 15th; Mr. Devon proceeded home on combined privilege and private leave of 6½ months and Babu Abdul Qadir, the Sub-Divisional Officer Ladpura, who was appointed to act for him has well carried on the work of the Department during the period.

11. The old boundary dispute between Kotah and Bhensroargarh in Mewar, was at last decided this year in November 1909 by the Boundary Commissioner Lieutenant-Colonel Pritchard.

Both States have preferred appeals from the decision to the Honourable the Agent to the Governor-General.

### Public Gardens.

12. The Public Gardens at Kotah stood in much need of a well qualified Gardener to look after and improve them. After several efforts to secure a suitable Superintendent, Mr. Moses B David a young Bulgarian of 31 years, trained in the Agricultural College at Jaffa, and strongly recommended by Mr. Davis, the Superintendent of Government Horticultural Gardens, Lucknow, was appointed in April 1910 on probation for six months. He has begun well.

## Cotton Press.

13. Permission to erect a Cotton Press at Khairabad (Suket-Road Station on the Nagda-Muttra line) has been granted to the firm of Khemraj Govindram of Jaora, the main conditions of which are:—

- (1) That the ground required for the Press will be given free of rent for five years.
- (2) That Plant, Machinery and various sundries imported to erect and repair the Press, will be exempted from the Customs duties.
- (3) That for seven years no other Press in the State will be opened, but that after that period, should the Darbar think that more Presses were required in other parts of the State, they would, on the terms they considered proper, offer them in the first instance for acceptance to the proprietors of the Khairabad Press.
- (4) That in addition to the usual Customs duties, a royalty of annas eight per bale of 400 pounds shall be paid by the Press on all exports.

## Accounts Department.

14. Rao Sahib Babu Brij Lal Chaudri, an old experienced official, and who had been Controller of the State Accounts for the last twenty-one years, retired on pension in the month of August 1910, and was succeeded by Babu Chunni Lal Shukla, Head Clerk of the Mahakma Khas.

## Visits.

15. The Honourable the Agent to the Governor-General came to Kotah on the morning of the 24th December 1909. The arrival was public.

At the State banquet given in his honor on the evening of the 29th, the Honourable Mr. Colvin, replying to the toast of his health proposed by His Highness, spoke as follows:—

“Your Highness, Ladies and Gentlemen,

“His Highness in proposing the health of my wife and myself has been most commendably brief, and I should certainly follow that excellent example, but that there are one or two things which I simply cannot go away without saying.

“For instance, I could not go away without referring to the happy event which has caused much general rejoicing in this State. I mean, of course, the birth of His Highness's son and heir. I am told and can quite believe, that this fortunate event has been the cause of a really remarkable outburst of joy and enthusiasm throughout His Highness's State, where he is so deservedly popular. And I wish to take the present opportunity of publicly congratulating him, not only on behalf of the English men and women present here to-night, but on behalf of all the many others who count themselves his friends in India.

"I wish him to believe that we associate ourselves in the fullest manner possible in the rejoicings which have marked the occasion among his own people, and of seconding their wishes that the little Maharaj Kumar may long live to follow in his father's footsteps.

"Another thing I absolutely must say before I go away, and that is to thank His Highness for the great kindness and hospitality he has shown us while we have been here.

"Our days have been filled with delightful pastimes. Wherever we have been, in the jungle, or on the river, or on the play-ground, whether we were trying to shoot bear or to catch chickens in a net, the same hospitable tone has prevailed, and good sport has been provided. Elephants, motor cars, carriages, Shikaris and game, not to mention the most *recherché* meals, springing up as it were in the desert, have all rolled up to time at the psychological moment.

"Nothing could have been more graceful and generous than His Highness's method of entertaining us, and I know I am voicing the feelings of all of us guests when I offer him our warmest thanks for all he has done for us.

"There is still one more thing I must say before I sit down. I am not going to bore you with any lengthy remarks about the administration of this State; where all goes so well, such remarks would be wholly *de trop*. But this I will say, you may search the length and breadth of India and you will not, I think, find a place where more happy relations exist between the Native and the European. The relations here are indeed ideal. This happy result is due in part to a sound administration wisely and prudently guarded under His Highness by a trusted and experienced Diwan, it is due in great measure to the excellent influence exercised during some seven years by Major Bannerman, ably supported as he is, if I may say so, by Mrs. Bannerman, but most of all it is due to the strong, manly, sensible and genial nature of His Highness himself."

The Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General left on the morning of the 31st December for Jhalrapatan.

16—His Highness the Maharajah of Jodhpur was pleased to accede to the invitation of His Highness the Maharao to come to Kotah but insisted that his visit should be a strictly private one. He motored from Bundi on the 13th, and returned to that place on the 17th April 1910.

17—The Chief Medical Officer, Rajputana, came on the 15th, and left on the 23rd January 1910.

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## CHAPTER II.

### Administration of the Land.

18. The figures relating to the demand and collections of the Samvat year 1966 (1st October 1909 to the 30th September 1910) are compared below with those of the two preceeding years :—

Samvat.	Demand.	Collection in Cash or Hundis.	Remitted by order and adjustments of the last years' excess collections.	Balance.	Uncollected.	Percentage of Column 5 on Column 2.
1964 ...	23,37,013	18,17,996	5,11,349	7,668	...	0.32
1965 ...	24,57,222	23,11,874	1,43,848	1,500	...	0.006
1966 ...	24,97,491	24,62,328	34,563	600	...	0.002

Excess collections in Samvat year 1966 are Rs. 9,403.

19. The figures of Samvats 1965 and 1966 are based on the revised assessments of the new Settlement. The increase in the demand is chiefly due to the rent (levied at favourable rates) on the waste lands reclaimed during the last four years. There was no resumption of *Muafi* lands worth mentioning.

20 In the year under report all the lands were sown and the crops attained their full maturity : the prices too were sufficiently high at the time of the harvest. There was thus no need for any remissions being granted and the cultivators were able to pay their rent in full. The uncollected balance is practically *nil*.

21. Of the arrears of past years, Rs. 1,02,247. were recovered and Rs. 30,403. were remitted as irrecoverable. As stated last year, the concessions granted by the Darbar for the reclamation of waste lands were well received by the cultivators and the result was that the area newly broken, from Samvat 1962 (the year from which the concession began) to Samvat 1966 (the year under report) amounted to about 3,80,000 State bighas. At many places no waste land is available for new cultivation. At others, where it is not enough, people often quarrel to get what remains of it.

22. No Taccavi for bullocks was given, but Rs. 6,219. were advanced for Rabi seed grain, and Rs. 200 for a well. The seed grain advances made by the State Bohargat have been repaid in full with interest during the year.

23. Arrears of Taccavi to the extent of Rs. 87,053. were also recovered.

24. As the people acquire means to provide bullocks, and seed and food grains for themselves, the advances of Taccavi are being reduced. Remissions and adjustments of Taccavi amounted to Rs. 6,419.

25. The State Bohargat transactions too are on the decline and advances of grain on the "Sawai Badi" system have been stopped in all the Nizamats except seven, where also with two or three more good years they will, it is hoped, disappear or be considerably reduced.

26. Much has been said about the Kishanganj Zamindari in the past years. It is, therefore, enough to observe here that most of the Zamindars, who have remained, have done their work well during the

year. The rent-free period of six years has passed in the case of many Zamindars. They will now begin to pay concession rents ( $\frac{1}{8}$  of the full) from the next year.

27. The enquiry into the *Muafi* holdings has been completed. Thirty-one complicated cases only remaining for disposal.

28. The new Pateli system, mentioned in the last year's report, has been introduced during the year in all the Nizamats, except the Nizamats of Ladpura, Barod, Itawa and Khanpur, which were only assessed at the end of Samvat 1965. It has worked well and the Patels have received Rs. 58,998. as their "Rasum" or the remuneration fee for their duties as village headman.

29. The Christian Settlement at Piploda is making good progress.

30. Mr. Butler's Report in 2 Volumes on the Final Settlement of the State has been issued.

### CHAPTER III.

#### Legislation.

31. The administration of the Civil and Criminal justice in the State is guided generally by the spirit, though not the letter, of the law in force in British territory.

32. Appendix II shows the number of circulars passed by His Highness in the Judicial Department during the year.

#### Military Force.

33. The troops which the Maharao may maintain are limited to 15,000 men of all descriptions, but the actual number at present maintained is a little over 4,000 as shown below :—

	Regular.			Irregular.		
Cavalry ...	...	...	301	...	...	309
Infantry ...	...	...	1,194	...	...	2,114
Artillery ...	...	...	...	...	...	353

#### Police Department.

34. The Government of India was pleased to lend to the State the services of Mr. Walter Troup, Superintendent-General of Railway Police, Rajputana, and Assistant to the Honourable the Agent to the Governor-General, Rajputana, in the Criminal Branch, for a period of one year to advise the Darbar in regard to reforms in the Kotah State Police.

Mr. Troup assumed charge of his duties on the 22nd November 1909.

35. His scheme for the re-organisation of the Police Department was submitted on the 23rd May, and sanctioned by His Highness on the 21st June, with effect from the 1st August 1910.

36. The main and important features of the old and new schemes described by Mr. Troup are of interest and quoted below :—

“When I commenced the re-organisation of the Police, it was constituted as follows :—

### District Police.

- 1 General Superintendent of Police.
- 4 Assistant Superintendents of Police.
- 2 Inspectors of Police.
- 32 Sub-Inspectors of Police.
- 185 Head Constables.
- 1,850 Constables.
- |   |   |                 |
|---|---|-----------------|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 Risaldar.</li> <li>12 Dafadars.</li> <li>150 Sawars.</li> <li>3 Camel Sawars.</li> </ul> | } | Mounted Branch. |
|---|---|-----------------|

### City Police.

- 1 Inspector.
- 1 Sub-Inspector.
- 32 Head Constables.
- 170 Constables.

“The District Police being under the General Superintendent of Police and the City one under me, both forces will eventually be under the former officer.

“The staff as reconstituted by me and sanctioned by His Highness is as follows :—

### District Police.

- 1 General Superintendent of Police.
- 1 Deputy General Superintendent of Police.
- 3 Assistant Superintendents of Police.
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- 29 Sub-Inspectors of Police.
- 126 Head Constables.
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### City Police.

- 1 Inspector of Police.
- 1 Sub-Inspector of Police.
- 6 Head Constables.
- 112 Constables.

“The former cost of the District and the City Police including clerical and menial staffs, as well as Chaukidars and all contingency charges, worked out at Rs. 2,48,771, whereas the figures now stand at Rs.

2,28,361, a saving of Rs. 20,410 ; but apart from this, 36 men belonging to His Highness's army who were posted to look after Magistrates' Lock-ups, Guards over criminal tribes, etc., were returned to their legitimate duties and replaced by Police.

" Under my scheme I have created a new appointment of Deputy General Superintendent of Police, on a salary of Rs. 200 per mensem. As matters stand at present there is no officer available to carry on the work of the General Superintendent of Police, in case that officer requires leave, falls sick, etc., it was, therefore, very necessary to make such an appointment. He will be of the greatest assistance to the General Superintendent of Police in other ways: for instance, when that officer is away on tour he will be able to dispose of a large amount of his office papers, as well as supervise the work in the Police office and the Reserve. He will also be in charge of the Sadar Circle (including the supervision of the City Police) with his head-quarters at Kotah.

37. " There were 30 police Stations in the State exclusive of the City Kotwali. Under the new scheme the police Stations at Kawai, Aklera, Nahargarh Relawan, Panwar and Borekhera are abolished or rather reduced to out-posts and strengthened according to needs.

38. " There were 30 Sub-Inspectors, 61 Head Constables, 421 Constables, 4 Dafadars and 98 Sawars in the district. These are reduced to 24 Sub-Inspectors, 26 Head Constables, and 294 Constables.

" Formerly there were 296 out-posts in the district and I reduced them to 131.

39. " The posting of small out-posts in the district in dense jungle and isolated localities, being fraught with considerable danger, is weakening the administration, hence chaukis have only been maintained at selected spots. Generally speaking the effect of these posts is reported to be wholesome and deterrent, but with this view I do not altogether agree; as instances have not been wanting to show, that on arrival of dakaits at villages, the Police have become conspicuous by their absence, and incidentally I may mention that it is unreasonable to expect the out-post Police to make any sort of stand against overwhelming odds.

40. " With the reduction of the out-posts from 296 to 131, their strength consisting of 95 Head Constables, 1,355 Constables, 1 Dafadar and 20 Sawars has also been brought down to 79 Head Constables, 813 Constables, 2 Dafadars and 70 Sawars.

" Depredations by wandering gangs from bordering States, specially Mewar are always to be expected and this at times becomes grave. The remedy to some extent lies in the strengthening of important positions on our border, consequently notable additions have been made in the Mandana, Chechat and other Thanas. But at the same time I cannot help thinking that many more of the out-posts in the interior of the State and a few of the city ones might, with advantage, come under reduction in the near future.

" The pay of the General Superintendent was raised from Rs. 350 to Rs. 400 per mensem. The former pay of the Assistant Superin-



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tendents of Police was, one on Rs. 150, one on Rs. 80, and two on Rs. 60; as revised there is one on Rs. 150, one on Rs. 125, and one on Rs. 100 per mensem.

"The status of the Kotwal was improved and in future he will be known as the City Inspector. The pay of the appointment is Rs. 100 per mensem, the same as Court Inspector.

"Formerly, each of the Assistant Superintendents of Police were supplied with the following staff—2 Head Constables, 5 Constables, 1 Dafadar and three Sawars, the annual cost of which worked out to Rs. 7,452; a high figure and an unjustifiable outlay. Instead of this they have been each given one Head Constable, one Constable and one Sawar, which is more than sufficient for their requirements. On this subject the Police Commission writes:—"The Commission do not think that an Inspector (same as our Assistant) requires a writer as he will have little scriptory work. He should, however, be given an orderly."

"Consequent on the reduction of the number of Thanas, the Police circles have been reduced from 4 to 3, each Assistant Superintendent of Police being in charge of eight stations.

41. "There are 29 Sub-Inspectors of grades, 2 on Rs. 80, 6 on Rs. 60 and 21 on Rs. 40 per mensem.

42. "126 Head Constables, 6 on Rs. 25, 15 on Rs. 20, and 45 on Rs. 15, and 60 on Rs. 12 per mensem.

43. "1,197 Constables, 100 on Rs. 7, 297 on Rs. 6/8 and 800 on Rs. 6 per mensem.

44. "A Risaldar on Rs. 40 per mensem, three Dafadars on Rs. 30 and 25, and 94 Sawars—20 on Rs. 22 and 74 on Rs. 21 per mensem.

"I have proposed an increase in the pay of the District and City Police in every case, as I am strongly of opinion, considering the arduous and important duties devolving on these officers, that they are deserving of it, and what with the increased cost of living, it is only right that the force should receive more than a living wage, to keep the policeman away from the many temptations of his calling.

"Under budget, head contingencies, etc., the grant has been increased from Rs. 6,060 to Rs. 26,050. The General Superintendent has been given a lump sum for stationery, etc., instead of giving several officers a fixed allowance, as in future the purchase of stationery, as well as the printing and binding of all registers will be carried out at head-quarters. In my scheme, I had to add several contingent charges, for which there was no budget allotment. These changes involved considerable expenditure, but the outlay was very necessary; a sum of Rs. 2,000 was put aside for travelling allowance, Rs. 16,000 odd for uniform and Rs. 2,000 for Railway fares and carriage of Police escorts. The City Police Budget was also augmented, but does not call for comment.

"It was the custom in the past for all Police escorts to make use of the road when escorting prisoners or treasure, a very tedious and expensive arrangement as it not only entailed Police Stations being without officers

and men for a considerable period, but also necessitated the posting of several of them at each Thana for this purpose alone; the demand for such escorts by no means justifying the maintenance of the staff. As far as possible all escorts now proceed by rail.

“Formerly the Reserve consisted of one Inspector, one Sub-Inspector, 23 Head Constables, 54 Constables of the Foot Police, and one Risaldar, 3 Dafadars, 20 Sawars and three camel Sawars of the mounted branch; and under the revised scheme, one Inspector, four Sub-Inspectors, 8 Head, and 70 Constables of the Foot police and 1 Risaldar, 1 Dafadar, 20 Sawars, and 3 camel Sawars of the mounted branch.

“The above Reserve includes a force for the City Police as well. The Inspector will carry out the same duties, as he is now performing. The four Sub-Inspectors will be utilized in the following manner :--

- 1 for Reserve duty,
- 1 Drill Inspector.
- 1 School Master.
- 1 For Special duty on Mewar border.

“In the past the Reader and the Assistant Reader to the General Superintendent of Police were shown in the clerical staff, which was wrong; they have now been graded as Sub-Inspector and Head Constables respectively, and the practice will now admit of the men being moved from time to time.

“A staff for prosecuting purposes has now been supplied to the Magistrates' Courts at Kotah, Aklera and Baran and the Police have relieved the Magistrates of all Lock-up duties and Malkhanas.

“I have, with the assistance of the General Superintendent of Police, prepared a Police Manual for the State, and no pains have been spared by us to try and make it clear, concise and up-to-date; and a long-felt want will be filled by the supply of these volumes to officers

“500 Smooth bore converted M. H. carbines and ammunition were supplied to the force during the year, which are a great improvement on the old arms.

Uniform was supplied to the Head Constables of the Foot Police, as well as to the Dafadars and Sawars of the mounted branch who will receive it annually free of any deductions. The Constables receiving one pair of Punjabi shoes free every year. The question of uniform for the officers is still in abeyance.

✓ “As His Highness has given in the various grades more than a living wage, it is only reasonable to expect that in the future much good will result thereby; but patience and time are great factors in connection with the changes of Police routine, and the reforms must be gradually and carefully introduced and years must lapse before their full effects are realized. What is required is the definite adoption of a Police policy based on sound principles and determined persistence in the future from the General Superintendent downwards in giving full effect to it.” ✓

45. The working of the Police for the year is shown in Appendices V, VI, and VII.

46. Mr. Troup in his useful detailed annual report states:—"The number of cases investigated by Station Officers during 1910, did not throw a heavy burden on them, the average number taken up by each amounting to less than 50, whereas the minimum elsewhere is about 150."

47. He is of opinion:—"In the case of reported offences against any person by name, when not serious, the Station Officer for reasons stated might not go out for local investigation. But that in no case should this procedure be adopted if it involved great inconvenience to the people in having to be dragged to the Police.

"In dealing with persons sent up for trial the Police unquestionably showed great want of discretion in challaning accused persons with the result that acquittals were numerous. That the Station Officers are in the habit of sending up persons for trial before the courts, regardless of the fact as to whether the evidence against them is sufficient to justify a conviction in each case."

48. In the Dakaitis committed during the year, the property looted was reported as under:—

Name of Dakaiti.						Property looted.		
						Rs.	A.	P.
1.	Dippura Dakaiti	...	...	...	...	531	13	0
2.	Manpura „	..	...	...	...	725	5	0
3.	Kishanpura (Nizamat Ladpura) Dakaiti	...	...	...	...	757	5	0
4.	Rangarh Dakaiti	...	...	...	...	567	12	0
5.	Sakatpur „	...	...	...	...	489	1	0
6.	Dakaiti in the Jungle near the boundary of village Kundakhhera	...	...	...	...	22	11	0
7.	Khandgaon Dakaiti	...	...	...	...	759	8	0
8.	Raipura Dakaiti	...	...	...	...	229	14	0
9.	Mohanpura Dakaiti	...	...	...	...	599	12	0
10.	Kishanpura (Nizamat Sangod) Dakaiti	...	...	...	...	210	8	0
11.	Umedpura Dakaiti	...	...	...	...	1,012	14	0
12.	Dakaiti in the hamlet of Dhani Bhumri	...	...	...	...	1,235	10	6
13.	Dakaiti in the village of Katawar	...	...	...	...	78	13	0
14.	Dakaiti in the village of Bhimpura	...	...	...	...	488	8	3
15.	Dakaiti in the hamlet of Dhani Naloda	...	...	...	...	22	6	0
16.	Dakaiti in the village of Gadarwara	...	...	...	...	3,295	9	0
17.	Dakaiti in the village of Morak	...	...	...	...	7,238	8	0
18.	Dakaiti on the Bhanwargarh Fairweather Road	...	...	...	...	168	5	3
19.	Dakaiti in the Jungle of Govindpura	...	...	...	...	950	11	0
Total						19,384	14	0

49. Dakaiti, it would appear, was most prevalent during the cold weather season of 1910. The number of cases in which fire-arms were used or carried rose from 5 to 13. Altogether 13 persons were injured by the Dakaits, of whom one woman and one child died at the time.

50. Most of the Dakaitis committed in 1910 were of a professional

type; the most brilliant piece of work was the capture of a large gang of dakaitis, consisting of twelve Kanjars and three Bhils from Mewar, by the Sangod Police on the 8th of February 1910.

51. From the Dakaitis, captured property to the extent of Rs. 1,215, looted in the Dakaitis of Gadarwara, Dhani, Naloda, and Morak was also recovered together with eight guns, four swords and some ammunition. The gang confessed to having committed more than one Dakaiti and they were caught red-handed with looted property in their possession. They and also their local accomplices were all in consequence heavily sentenced.

52. The work performed by the Police and the public in capturing this large organised gang near Sangod was, Mr. Troup says—"worthy of all praise" and they all were suitably rewarded for their services. On the confessions made and information given by the Kanjars arrested, the Kotah Police raided a place called Mangtala in Mewar, in the month of March 1910. But owing to mismanagement on their part the ring-leaders managed just to escape capture. They, however, arrested some twenty female Kanjars and their children and also recovered from the Kanjar's "Deras" property looted in the Morak, Raipura and other Dakaitis.

53. Co-operation on the part of the Mewar and Bundi States remains as unsatisfactory as ever. The other adjoining States, however, have invariably given assistance when demanded, specially as regards the making over of accused. Great assistance was received from the Tonk Darbar, whose Superintendent of Police, Khan Bahadur Ghulam Qadir Khan, succeeded in capturing absconders in the Nonera, Nayagaon, Sanija and Dhanwan Dakaiti cases. Rewards were given to the Tonk Police and His Highness offers his cordial thanks to the Tonk Darbar for the real assistance their Police rendered to this State.

54. In paras. 36 and 37 of the last year's report, reference was made that the Dakaitis committed in Kotah territories were the work of organised gangs having their rendezvous in villages of Bundi and Mewar. On this point Mr. Troup's remarks are quoted in full:—

"The Kanjars of the Mewar tract specially in the Jahazpur and Mandalgarh districts, are a truculent, courageous, headstrong and revengeful race, the capture of whom is always fraught with considerable risk and difficulty for the following reasons:—

- (a) The armed gangs, who roughly number 300, live in batches at ungettable places in the above tracts.
- (b) They are shielded by the local people with whom they find a ready market for their loot.
- (c) Total lack of co-operation on the part of the Mewar Police in bringing about captures, or even in showing any sympathy in assisting our Police on such occasions, although every endeavour was made during the year to bring this about, the Darbar being approached on several occasions and,

(d) Owing to dense jungle and ravines on both borders, and a continuation of it on our own, rendering the capture of the gangs practically a matter of impossibility.

"It is essential to the success of any measures for the control of criminal tribes, that there should be the strictest surveillance over them, whereas the Mewar Kanjars (who are not considered a criminal tribe) are permitted to make excursions wherever and whenever they like, a preposterous state of affairs.

"Whatever may have been the contributing causes, the State was overwhelmed with Dakaitis during the greater portion of the cold weather, and a state of lawlessness prevailed for the time being. It was abundantly proved by the opportune capture of the gang already referred to, and by our raid into Mewar, as well as the confessions of Chosaria and Kanwaria, Mewar Kanjars, that the Dakaitis committed at Ramgarh, Raipura, Umedpura, Dhani, Bhumri, Katawar, Gadarwara, Dhani Nalodi and Morak, were undoubtedly the work of Kanjars and Bhils from Mewar.

"It is an open secret that for the time being, a spirit of fear overtook the populace; the well-to-do people in many instances shutting up their houses after sunset and spending the nights in Chamars' huts, Baghs, fields, etc., a very unsatisfactory state of affairs, for which the Kotah Police were in no way to blame.

"In consequence of the alarming proportion of these occurrences, His Highness had to place 30 Sowars from his Cavalry and 80 men from his army, at the disposal of the Police for a matter of about six months, which cost the latter Department Rs. 15,000, but apart from this, 2 Assistant Superintendents of Police, 2 Inspectors, 2 Sub-Inspectors, 10 Head Constables and 100 Constables of the foot Police and 3 Dafadars and 20 Sowars of the Mounted, were placed on special duty to run down these Dakaitis from January to June, with the result that several Police Stations were under-manned and double work thrown on those left behind. The upkeep of this force costing Rs. 8,480.

"Depredations by these pests from Mewar, have always been a source of annoyance and vexation to the State, and the constant watching of these tribes, throws an intolerable burden on the State, a burden which would be quite unnecessary if the gangs were kept under proper control, instead of their State being careless of what becomes of them and of what crimes they commit.

"The upkeep of the border police has cost His Highness lacs of rupees in the past, and to try and minimize such incursions into the State, I have been compelled to strengthen the police at such localities, the cost of which works out to Rs. 8,606 per annum, where incidentally I may mention, it is extremely difficult to procure provisions of any kind; the lonely life, moreover, having demoralizing effect on the men, and incalculable injury is done to the force as a result.

"The question which naturally presents itself to the Darbar, is, the measures that should be adopted in the near future, between the two States, to bring to an end the present intolerable state of affairs, and to

draw up a scheme and draft rules, suitable to the special circumstances of such raids."

The Darbar have more than once approached the Mewar Darbar, through the Political Authorities, with a view to the introduction between the Mewar and Kotah States of Col. Henry Wylie's extradition rules which have worked well between the Kotah and other adjoining States. So far, however, the Mewar Darbar have not consented to the proposal, and until they consent and at the same time take some measures against the gangs of dakaits who at present obtain shelter in Mewar lands, Dakaiti is likely to continue.

55. Regarding the Police force in general, Mr. Troup states "Discipline is in no way relaxed, indeed I may say the contrary is the case and a noteworthy feature of this year's record is the always cheerful response made by the force to special calls. On the whole, the conduct of the Police force was exemplary, but it was marred by the prosecution of the Assistant Superintendent of Police, Shahabad, and the Thanedar of Buradit for extortion, a bad case. Both of them were sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 500 each. For taking an illegal gratification, the Thanedar of Ghatoli and his Moharrir were sentenced to six month's rigorous imprisonment".

### Courts.

56. There has been no change in the personnel of the Courts except that on the retirement of Moulvi Inayat Husen, an old official who had worked as Magistrate for more than fourteen years both in Jhalawar and Kotah, Babu Hira Lal Sood, B.A., was appointed Magistrate at Baran.

57. The Judge and the District Magistrates made tours to inspect the Court work of the Nazims in the districts and favourably reported on the usefulness of their inspections and on the quality of the work performed by the subordinate courts.

58. The services of Pandit Bishan Lal Kaul, Bar-at-Law, and Judge of Kotah, and Pandit Sri Ram, the District Magistrate Kotah, have been secured from Government for a further period of three years.

59. Nine Judicial Circulars were issued during the year as shown in Appendix II.

60. In order to enable the Judge to devote more time to the compilation of certain important circulars than he can at present spare from his ordinary duties, Babu Hira Lal, B.A., LL.B., has been appointed as Judicial Assistant to help him in his miscellaneous and routine work.

### Criminal.

61. The number of cases reported is 4,707 as shown in Appendix VIII against 4,849 of the past year, showing a decrease of 142. The number of persons dealt with is also only 4,999 against 6,135. Similarly



there are 2,003 cognizable cases against 2,174. On the other hand, there is an increase of 29 under the non-cognizable, the figures being 2,704 compared with 2,675 of the preceding twelve months.

62. The appointment of Pandit Purushottam Rao of Sarola, as Honorary Magistrate last year, but which post has since been converted into a paid Second Class Magistracy, has resulted, as was anticipated, in relieving the District Magistrate Kotah of pretty nearly half of his original work, 280 out of 679 cases being transferred to his file.

63. There were 108 appeals compared with 141 of Samvat 1965 or less by 33. The decrease is noticeable in all other Criminal Courts except Kotah where there is a slight increase. The results of the appeals, as the Judge reports, show that the original work done by the various District Courts and Nazims has been satisfactory.

So also has been the percentage of the recoveries of stolen property, the figures being :—

Samvat.	Amount Stolen.	Amount Recovered.	Percentage of recoveries.
	Rs.	Rs.	
1965	64,704	21,785	33.67
1966	39,536	14,120	35.71

#### Civil.—

64. In the Civil Courts there were 278 less original suits, viz., 2,657 compared with 2,935 of the last year.

65. The disposal, however, was not so satisfactory as in the previous year, there remaining 497 at the close of the present year compared with 508 in the past year.

66. The value of the suits instituted and disposed of was Rs. 1,94,813 and Rs. 2,11,502 as against Rs. 2,36,063 and Rs. 2,45,422 of the corresponding period.

67. The Civil Appeals instituted were 305 against 331 showing a decrease of 26.

68. The results of the executions of decrees in all the Courts have been more than satisfactory and the Judge attributes them mainly to the good harvests of the year.

#### Extradition.

69. Twenty-one persons were extradited to other Native States, and 14 were received from them.

### Prisons.

70. Appendix XIII shows the number of prisoners at the beginning and close of the year.

71. The health of the prisoners in the Kotah Jail has been good throughout the year. There were in all 9 deaths—five from pneumonia. 3 from dysentery and one from heat-apoplexy.

72. The average cost per prisoner was Rs. 63 as against Rs. 67 in the last year.

### Criminal Tribes.

73. The accompanying Statement gives information regarding the Settlement of Criminal Tribes:—

NAME OF CRIMINAL TRIBES.	Present on 1st January 1909.	Arrivals and New Settlements.	Total.	Died.	Absconded.	Extradited.	Total.	Present on 1st December 1909.	LAND CULTIVATED.		Realization of Produce on land cultivated.	Expenditure incurred on Settlement.	REMARKS.
									Bighas.	Biswas.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
											Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Baoris ...	14	27	41	1	1	...	2	39	146	5	75 2 0	1,308 13 3	
Sansias ...	42	15	57	1	3	...	4	53	30	10	.....	1,000 0 0	
Total ...	56	42	98	2	4	...	6	92	176	15	76 2 0	2,308 13 3	

74. In para. 56 of the last year's report it was noted that the long-tried experiment of making cultivators of the Baoris and Sansias had practically failed. On the advice therefore of Mr. Troup, the Police Advisor to His Highness, under whom the Criminal Tribes were placed for control, they were removed in July last from Nanta to Borkhera on the Kotah side of the Chambal river and were employed in the public gardens. The trial is at best of a problematical nature and its progress will be carefully watched.

### Registration.

75. Appendix XIV will show that 560 documents of the nominal value of Rs. 1,17,168 were registered compared with 614 of Rs. 1,26,844 of the last year, a decrease of 54.

### Municipal Administration.

76. Rao Sahib Babu Brij Lal was Vice-President of the Kotah Municipality till the 20th February 1910, when he proceeded on 6 months' leave and Munshi Shri Ram the Fojdar who was then appointed to carry on the work of the Municipality still holds that appointment.

## Sanitation.

77. The sanitation of the Kotah City is reported to be improving. While the public latrines are very satisfactory, there is said to be ample scope for improvement in latrines of private houses. Lieutenant-Colonel Carr-White suggests that many more drains for the carrying off of the surface water of the city should be provided as funds permit.

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## CHAPTER IV.

### Production and Distribution.

#### *Weather and Crops.*

78. In 1908 (Samvat 1965) the rains stopped at the end of August. In 1909, the year under report, they continued, however, till the first week of September and then vanished. But the winter rains were timely and proved very beneficial to the Rabi crops sown. The rainfall of 1910 has been good, timely and well distributed and continued throughout the month of September and ceased only in the first week of October.

79. The high prices that prevailed throughout the year were maintained to the harvest time and much benefited the cultivators.

80. The Makka was a 14 anna crop, and so was Juar. Til and cotton were 12, and wheat, gram and linseed 15. Til and linseed obtained good prices.

81. The area under opium which in Samvat 1965 was 12,250 acres has further fallen in Samvat 1966 to 11,397.

82. Potato cultivation is still in the experimental stage.

83. In paras. 67, 68 and 69 of the last year's report it was mentioned that the loss arising from the depression in the opium trade was being keenly felt alike by the cultivator and trader on the one hand, and by the Darbar on the other, and that the latter had not heard the result of their representation to the officers deputed to Kotah in February 1909 by the Government of India to enquire into the production of and trade in opium. They further expressed their hope that to meet the situation created by the Government policy of restriction of export of Malwa opium to China, Government would so arrange matters as to leave or even create a market within British India for Malwa opium.

84. They have since heard that yielding to the representations made by several Darbars, the Government of India has thought fit to re-allocate for the next three years 1910-11-12 the allotments of the number of chests fixed by them for export to China between the Government opium in Bengal and the Malwa opium, and that under this conces-

sion, the Government has decided to permit the export of more chests as shown below, of Malwa opium and to curtail to that extent the export of Bengal opium:—

Increased export permitted.

1911	..	...	...	...	4,560 chests
1912	...	...	...	...	5,880 „
1913	...	...	...	...	7,260 „

85. This is a substantial concession which is gratefully acknowledged. It will certainly enable traders to dispose of much of their stocked opium. But in spite of this concession and of the steady contraction of the opium-producing area annually taking place, the Darbar will still want a market for their annual produce and the Government have not told them what steps are contemplated to leave or create a market for even their much reduced opium that must still be produced for at least a number of years to come. That this is very desirable and fair in justice to the Darbars concerned admits of little doubt, especially when it is remembered that the Government do not seem prepared to recognise claims to compensation for the permanent loss to be suffered by the Darbars over the restriction of the China trade.

### Forests.

86. The gross receipts during the year were Rs. 72,470-12-6 as against Rs. 1,22,827-7-0 in the previous year, but the latter included an extraordinary sum of Rs. 50,248 received from the Nagda-Muttra Railway for royalty on stone used in the construction of the Line.

87. Following the Forests Settlement, some of the grazing grounds, Birs and trees yielding annually an income of Rs. 3,523, were made over either to the Revenue Department or sold or given free of charge to private persons desiring to have them. Quarries yielding Rs. 4,018 a year were also transferred to the Public Works Department for departmental working.

88. Babu Kalyan Singh's appointment as Forest Superintendent is dated from the 1st April 1909.

89. He has during this period made a Forest Settlement of eleven Nizamats including the five settled last year.

90. During the year Arandi (castor-oil plant) has been sown in 1,300 Bighas of the Forest area and Babul seed in 450.

## Trade and Commerce.

91. The principal articles of import and export, as per Customs returns, were :—

IMPORT.

ARTICLES.								Samvat 1965.	Samvat 1966.
								Maunds.	Maunds.
Rice	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,317	11,335
Sugar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19,993	32,076
Gur...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40,296	57,718
Tobacco	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,216	4,433
Iron	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,693	6,225
								In Rupees.	In Rupees.
Groceries of the value of	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,60,107	1,58,545
Bisati	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,05,050	1,31,125
Piece-cloths	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,97,408	12,09,047
Cotton yarn	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,37,021	1,17,000
Gota Kinari	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20,703	38,872
Silver	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,13,425	69,696
Metal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	92,086	77,227
								In Number.	In Number.
Kerosine oil (boxes)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	71,414	14,955
Cattle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12,174	7,040

### EXPORT.

ARTICLES.								Samvat 1905.	Samvat 1906.
								Maunds.	Maunds.
Grain	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,14,636	3,15,326
Oil-seeds	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,17,997	2,85,015
Ghi	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	11,003	9,229
Cotton	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,184	11,032
Groceries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15,048
Opium	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,701	1,942
								In Number.	In Number.
Hides	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	55,121	60,252
Cattle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13,882	23,236

92. Last year, 1,325 chests of opium—indigenous and foreign, passed through the Scales. This year the number dwindled down to 363½. No foreign opium was brought to the Scales.

### Public Works Department.

93. The budget sanctioned for the year 1966 was Rs. 3,27,670 as detailed in Appendix XIX. The actual expenditure, however, comes to Rs. 3,44,218, which includes Rs. 16,548 over-spent in the year and is chargeable to the next year—Samvat 1967.

In addition to Rs. 3,44,218, the Department executed works to the amount of Rs. 7,039 for the Revenue Department under Irrigation repairs and of Rs. 54,895 for His Highness. The total value of the work executed thus aggregates Rs. 4,06,152.

94. *Civil Buildings*.—The following buildings were commenced and completed during the year :—

- (1) Police Chauki on Rangpur Road.
- (2) Fowl and Cook Houses at Lady Doctor's Bungalow.
- (3) Pahrayat's quarters at Umed Bhawan.
- (4) Fil-Khana (making Thans and House for fodder).
- (5) Thana at Kachhi-ki-Bawri.
- (6) New Gallows in the Jail building.
- (7) Thana at Atru.
- (8) Zakat Chaukis at Suket Road and Morak Railway Stations.
- (9) School at Aklera.

The Herbert High School was continued and Rs. 29,903. expended on it. When the budgetted sum of Rs. 20,000 was all spent early in the year, an additional sum of Rs. 10,000. was sanctioned as an advance to push on the work.

The following new buildings were taken in hand in the year and have made satisfactory progress. The expenditure incurred on them is noted against each work :—

(1) Dining Room at Umed Bhawan	...	...	Rs.	16,764.
(2) „ „ City Palace	...	...	„	11,525.
(3) Chandra Mahal	..	...	„	6,276.
(4) Polo Stable	...	...	„	2,684.
(5) Grass and fuel store at Umed Bhawan	...	„	1,923.	
(6) Compound wall and Servants' quarters at Umed Bhawan	...	...	„	8,435.
(7) Isolation Hospital, Ajmer	...	..	„	12,442.
(8) Additions and alterations made to the State Engineer's Bungalow	...	..	„	4,238.
(9) The Dispensaries at Bakani and Manohar Thana were continued, but could not be completed.				

95. *Communications*.—

- (1) The Metalling of the Rangbari Road has proved a great convenience to the public.

(2) A new approach road from the Darah Road to the Morak Railway Station was constructed during the year.

(5) A Causeway to cross the Andheri River near Phulbarod village was taken in hand.

96. *Irrigation.*—The different tanks in the State were kept in good order and none of them were damaged during the rains.

The Parbati Canal Nallas, Nos. 8 and 9 were taken in hand and completed. A Sluice Valve to irrigate Brij Bilas garden from the Chatar Bilas Tank was constructed, and Rs. 744 spent thereon.

The work of deepening wells in the district was continued with success.

97. *Miscellaneous Improvements.*—Of the various work executed and repaired during the year, the compound wall of the Brij Bilas garden was taken in hand and an expenditure of Rs. 10,445. incurred thereon. The work is still in progress as several alterations in its construction have been ordered by His Highness. Work on making a new Polo Ground in the Chatar Bilas garden was continued, and Rs. 4,399 spent on it.

98. *Tools and Plant.*—No expenditure was incurred in purchasing new tools in the year, the tools in stock being sufficient to meet requirements

### Stone Quarries.

99. The Stone Quarries in the State which hitherto had been under the Forest administration and were annually leased out for working to contractors by that Department, were, on the opening of the Nagda-Muttra Railway, transferred for Departmental working to the Public Works Department. The report shows that during the year, with an outlay of Rs. 28,752, 82,549·9 cubic feet of slabs and 58,592 square feet of Katla or floor-stone of the value of Rs. 36,135-1-9 were extracted, thus giving a net profit of Rs 7,382-15-6. Of this outturn 61,955 cubic feet of slabs and 33,166 square feet of Katla were sold for Rs. 28,143-5-3, leaving a balance respectively of 20,594·4 and 25,426. This is a good beginning.

### General Condition of the State and People.

100. The general condition of the people was good. There was no especial disease or sickness among them. As the Samvat year 1967 we have just entered upon was universally believed and feared to be an ominous one, people took the precaution to lay by sufficient grain, or as much as they could within their means, for themselves and fodder for their cattle; while grain dealers anticipating great profits by still higher prices, made large purchases of food grains. The result was that the prices which were already high, were well kept up at the harvest time and the produce of the year being good all round, the cultivators were immensely benefited. Not so the purchasers, and especially the grain dealers who find themselves losers in consequence of the fall of prices following the most favourable rains that have characterised the monsoons of 1910, and that have ensured prospects of good harvests.

## Wages and Labour.

101. The wages of labour were high throughout the year. Thus, both the cultivator and the labourer were happy and contented and so were the Bohras (money lenders) who had all their debts repaid with interest.

102. The only persons who might have suffered from high prices were the poorer workmen living in towns.

103. The excise figures are given in Appendix XXI.

## CHAPTER V.

### Revenue and Finance.

104. Estimates and actuals of receipts and expenditure for the Samvat years 1965 and 1966 together with estimates for the next Samvat 1967 are given below:—

HEADS.	Estimate for Samvat 1965	Actual for Samvat 1965.	Estimate for Samvat 1966.	Actual for Samvat 1966.	Estimate for Samvat 1967.
<i>Receipts—</i>	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Opening balance ...	14,60,743	14,60,743	12,34,085	12,34,085	18,85,500
Ordinary including adjustments ...	29,86,175	34,63,808	34,55,825	37,01,401	34,91,125
Total Receipts ...	44,46,918	49,24,551	46,89,910	49,35,486	53,76,625
<i>Expenditure—</i>					
Ordinary ...	27,84,190	28,04,406	28,17,054	29,11,993	29,54,658
Extraordinary—					
Debts paid ...	3,00,000	8,64,171	1,25,000	1,25,000	...
Birth of Shri Maharaj Kumar...	...	21,889	...	...	...
Others...	...	...	...	12,999	...
Total Expenditure ...	30,84,190	36,90,466	29,62,054	30,49,986	29,54,658
Closing Balance ...	13,62,728	12,34,085	17,27,856	18,85,500	24,21,967
GRAND TOTAL ...	44,46,918	49,24,551	46,89,910	49,35,486	53,76,625

105. Actual Receipts in 1966 were Rs. 37,01,401 as compared with Rs. 34,55,825 estimated at the beginning of the year, thus giving a net increase of Rs. 2,45,576. This increase was mainly under the following heads:—

Land Revenue	..	...	Rs.	1,24,859
Customs	...	...	„	60,237
Forests	...	...	„	12,371
Taccavi recoveries	...	...	„	37,053
Exchange and Interest	...	...	„	14,303



106. The year being all round a good one both for agriculture and commerce the improvements detailed above require no special notice.

107. The estimated expenditure was Rs. 28,37,054. But the actuals came to Rs. 29,11,993. As usual some departments spent more, and others less, than the amounts provided for them in the Budget, so that there were savings under certain heads of expenditure amounting to Rs. 72,947; they call for no remark except that under the Land Revenue less Taccavi was given and Rasums were not paid where Patels were not appointed; there was less expenditure also under charities. The important special items however, comprising a net excess expenditure of Rs. 1,47,886, are explained below:—

Settlement	...	...	...	Rs. 7,000
Karkhanas	...	...	...	„ 29,750
Gratuities to retired State servants	...	...	...	„ 6,093
Refunds	...	...	...	„ 16,696
Miscellaneous	...	...	...	„ 87,496

108. To wind up the Settlement work Rs. 13,000 were spent against a budget allotment of Rs. 6,000.

109. Purchase of 4 new elephants costing the State Rs. 20,000 is included in Rs. 29,750 under the Karkhanas, the remainder being due to purchase of new harness for Carriages and Tongas.

110. Under miscellaneous the chief items are:—

Sir Curzon Wylie Memorial, Ajmer	Rs. 5,000
All India Edward Memorial	„ 5,000
Edward Memorial, Rajputana	„ 5,000
University, Allahabad	„ 5,000
Entertainment of guests in honor of the birth of Shri Maharaj Kumar	„ 8,479
Compensation for houses removed to open up the Rampura Bazar	„ 12,505
Adjustments	„ 35,605

111. The budget proposed for the next year shows that while the income is estimated at Rs. 34,91,125, the expenditure has been calculated at Rs. 29,54,658, showing as against the estimates (Rs. 28,37,054) of the last year an increase of Rs. 1,17,604 as detailed below:—

1. Palace Expenditure:—

His Highness the Maharao	Rs. 12,000
Her Highness Rani Mansingotji	„ 3,000
Shri Maharaj Kumar	„ 3,000
Establishments	„ 8,214

TOTAL ... „ 26,214

2. Public Works Department	„ 74,549
3. Schools	„ 5,178
4. Medical	„ 6,813
5. Fauj	„ 2,192
6. Karkhanas	„ 3,744

## Customs.

112. The Customs receipts in the year were better by Rs. 90,344, being Rs. 5,29,036 compared with Rs. 4,38,692 of the last year (Samvat 1965).

## CHAPTER VI.

### Vital Statistics.

113. *Medical Staff.*—The appointment of the Agency Surgeon was held by Captain W. M. Anderson, I.M.S., up to the 2nd of April, from 3rd to 10th by Rai Sahib Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon Sahib Ditta, and from 11th April to the end of the State year by Lieutenant-Colonel P. Carr-White, I.M.S.

114. According to the new scheme provisionally sanctioned last year, the Sanitary staff in the towns of Baran, Sangod, Khanpur, Aklera, Manoharthana and Bakani has been placed under the control of the Local Sub-Assistant Surgeons who are executive officers on the Sanitary Committees under the presidency of the Nazims of those places. The working of the scheme will be watched with interest and it is hoped that it will prove beneficial for the towns concerned.

115. At the 20 Hospitals in the State, 1,46,624 Out-patients and 1,312 In-patients were treated during the year as against 139,402 and 1,526 of the year previous. The Agency Surgeon reports that a comparison of the last five years shows that the people are attending the dispensaries in steadily increasing numbers.

116. The operations performed were as follows:—

			1965,	1966.
Major	...	...	295	193
Minor	...	...	3,863	4,025

117. The total expenditure of the Medical Department was Rs. 62,051-8-3.

118. *Vaccination.*—The vaccination staff was the same as last year, viz., one Native Superintendent of Vaccination and six Vaccinators. The total number vaccinated was last year, 19,455. This year it was 16,247, of which 93.75 per cent. were successful, and 6.25 per cent. failures. Cost per case was 17 pies against 13.

119. The Lymph was obtained from the Belgaum Depot.

120. Miss J. Newton, L.R.C.P., and S.E., held charge of the Victoria Hospital, Kotah, during the year, and as reported last year, did good work.

121. Two Classes for Dais were held; in the first, five out of six passed; in the second, six attended, but only three completed the course, and all passed with credit.

## CHAPTER VII.

## Education.

122. There are now 56 schools against 48 of the last year and 45 of Samvat 1964.

123. Three new schools were opened at Churelia, Moi-Kalan and Ghatoli and, three in different parts of the Kotah City. The remaining two also in the city, are aided schools only, being originally established by Mahomadans for their own community and placed under the control of the Education Department under the "Grant-in-aid" system recently sanctioned by the Darbar.

124. Pupils on the roll have risen from 2,985 to 3,333 and the average daily attendance from 2,124 to 2,278.

125. The Director of Schools expresses satisfaction at the amalgamation of the two schools into one High School and also at the provision made for entertaining a well-qualified staff. Lala Daya Krishna, M.A. (English) L.I.B., was appointed Head Master on the 10th December 1909. The second and third Masters, Mr. Nigam, M.A., and Mr. Saraswati Prasada, B.Sc., were also appointed, but they had to leave their posts soon after and the vacancies have not yet been filled. These unfortunate circumstances have again told injuriously on the work of the High School and their effects are visible in the results of the University Examinations where only one out of six examinees passed the Matriculation test and that in the Third Division.

126. The result of the Rajputana Middle School Examination was not so bad, as four out of the nine students sent up, successfully passed that test.

127. *Nobles' Boarding House.*—There were 48 boarders at the beginning of the year, but with 8 admissions and 20 withdrawals during the past twelve months, their number stood at 36 at the close of the year.

128. Of the 20 names struck off, 10 were for continued long absence.

129. *Sanskrit Department.*—Three boys appeared at the Pratham Pariksha of the Benares Sanskrit College and they all passed. There are 16 students in this Department.

130. Of the 7 students sent up for the Vernacular Final Examination of the United Provinces from the Normal Class, only three passed, two in the First and one in the Second Division.

131. *Primary Schools.*—The number of boys attending schools is 2,805 against 2,399 an increase of 406 and average daily attendance 2,399 <sup>1914</sup> against 1913 of the last year.

132. Similarly the number of girl students is 239 against 169, while their average daily attendance 142 against 98.

133. The village school masters have been graded and their emoluments considerably increased.

134. The Director of Schools in his tour of 25 days visited all the District Schools except those at Shahabad and Thana in the extreme east of the State. The Inspectors of the Western and Eastern Circles were out for 142 and 187 days respectively.

135. His Highness, the Political Agent, and the Diwan paid visits to 15 District Schools on their tour.

136. Pandita Dropadi, the Head Mistress of Her Highness the Maharani's School, who was ailing for some months past, died on the 12th May 1910. This is a veritable misfortune as it is difficult to fill her place, so few trained Indian ladies being available. From her death, therefore, the school has badly suffered and will continue so to suffer till a qualified mistress can be procured for it.

137. The following are the students that are being trained at the expense of the State at institutions outside Kotah :—

<i>Name of Students.</i>	<i>Institutions.</i>
(1) Khem Chand	} ... Victoria Technical Institute Bombay
(2) Anadi Lal	
(3) Lalta Prasad	... Medical School, Agra.
(4) Hamid Husen	... " " "
(5) Bal Mukand	... Ganeshkhanda Gardens, Poona.
(6) Kazi Faiz Muhammad	... Oriental College, Lahore.

138. In commemoration of the birth of Shri Maharaj Kumar, the Bahuji Maharaj (widow) of the late Goswami Girdhar Lalji, was generous enough to grant a monthly scholarship of Rs. 16 to be equally divided among the boy and girl students of the schools at Kotah.

139. Last year there were 8 students at the Mayo College. During the year under report, Maharajah Deo Singh of Bamulia and Thakur Lal Singh of Pipalda were sent. Kunwar Chandra Sen of Kunari, having successfully passed the Higher Diploma Examination, left the College.

140. The Progress Report of the Principal shows that satisfactory progress has been made by the Kotah students.

141. The Total Expenditure of this Department is Rs. 43,304 4-3.

## CHAPTER VIII.

## Miscellaneous.

## IRRIGATION.

142. The area irrigated and receipts obtained in Samvat 1966 are compared below with those of Samvats 1964 and 1965 :—

Samvat.					Area in Bighas.	Demand.
1964	...	...	...	...	22,197	11,588
1965	...	...	...	...	24,267	15,185
1966	...	...	...	...	21,770	15,547

The Expenditure similarly compared is as follows :—

					Rs.
Samvat	...	...	1964		11,364
"	...	...	1965		18,767
"	...	...	1966		8,407

In Samvat 1966, the rains although heavy did not damage any Irrigation Works. Hence decrease in the expenditure of the year.

## Kotris.

143. *Indargarh*.—Since November 1906, when he was invested with full powers of administration, Maharaja Sher Singh has been looking after the affairs of his Kotri and, so far as is known, his management has been good. It is hoped that the decision given in April 1909 by the Darbar in the dispute that arose between the Maharajas of Indargarh and Nimola, will result in an amicable settlement of the petty outstanding differences between the parties.

144. *Katholi*.—As reported last year no improvement is noticeable in the affairs of this Estate. The debts have increased. The old Maharaja Balwant Singh has gone on pilgrimage, taking with him both his sons and family, and also the Kamdar, leaving no trustworthy man behind to look after his already much confused affairs.

145. *Gainta*.—Is well managed by Mado Singhji, its Maharaja.

146. The Kotris of Karwar, Pipalda, Balwan, Pusod and the Thikana of Kherli in Khatoli are under the direct management of the State.

A Statement showing their Annual Revenue and Expenditure is given below :

Name of Kotri.	Opening balance on 1st Oct. 1909.	Income during the year 1906.	Total.	EXPENDITURE.			Closing balance on 30th Sept. 1910.
				Ordinary.	Debts paid.	Total.	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Karwar ...	1,252-12-6	13,592-1-6	14,844-14-0	11,808-4-6	1,768-13-3	13,578-1-9	1,266-12-3
Pipalda ...	1,070-7-6	19,438-6-9	20,508-14-3	10,214-9-3	9,000-0-0	19,214-9-3	1,294-5-0
Pusod ...	6,347-5-6	15,900-10-0	22,247-15-6	19,263-8-6	414-1-0	19,677-9-6	2,570-6-0
Balwan ...	222-7-0	15,101-2-6	15,323-9-6	6,038-3-0	9,042-2-3	15,080-5-3	243-1-3
Thikana Kherli ...	199-5-6	5,996-6-9	6,195-12-3	4,783-0-0	860-6-0	5,643-6-0	552-6-

147. The Minor Thakur Lal Singh of Pipalda was sent to the Mayo College. His mother unfortunately strenuously opposed his going and is still very antagonistic to his being educated at that College.

148. Jai Singh, the young Thakur of Pusod, has attained his majority, but is not keen on taking over the management of his Estate,

149. Kunwar Berisal, the son of the Maharaja of Balwan, is a way-ward unlettered youth possessed of vague ideas and interferes much with the work of the Manager appointed by the State.

#### Pun Department.

150. The Pun or Charity Department of the State is superintended by Raj Bijaya Singh of Kunari.

151. This Department not only distributes daily and periodical charities and annual maintenance charges of the various Raj Temples, but also pays pensions to retired State officials.

Its Disbursement during the year were :—

1. Charities and Temple charges Rs 1,44,291
2. Pensions ... .. „ 61,847

Total ... .. „ 2,06,138



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## APPENDICES.

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## APPENDIX I.

*Names of High Officials in the Kotah State and Residency Officials showing changes in personnel during the Year (1st October 1909 to 30th September 1910).*

NAME OF OFFICIAL.	APPOINTMENT.	PERIOD.		REMARKS.
		From	To	
Diwan Bahadur Chaube Raghunath Das.	Diwan.			
Rai Bahadur Munshi Sheo Pratap.	Private Secretary to H. H. and Director of Schools.			
Walter Troup, Esq. ...	Adviser to His Highness in the Police Branch.	22-11-09	30-9-10	A Government Officer lent to the State.
George Campbell Devon, Esq.	State Engineer.			
Rai Bahadur Babu Durga Prasad.	Superintendent of Reve- nue and Hakim of Kotris			
Munshi Bheron Lal ...	Hakim Fauj.			
Pandit Bishan Lal Kaul, Bar-at-Law.	Sessions Judge, and Ha- kim Appeal.	...	...	A Government Officer lent to the State.
Kanwar Onkar Singh...	General Superintendent of Police.			
Munshi Sri Ram ...	Dist. Magistrate, Kotah	...	...	A Government Officer lent to the State,
Babu Hira Lal Sood, B.A.	Do. do. Baran.			
AGENCY OFFICIALS.				
Major A. D. Bannerman, C.I.E., I.A.	Political Agent. ...			
Captain W.M. Anderson, M.B., I.M.S.	Agency Surgeon ...	.....	2-4-10	
Lt.-Col. J. Carr White, M.B., I.M.S.	Do. do. ...	11-4-10	.....	

## APPENDIX II.

*List of Laws in force in the Kotah State during the Year 1909-10 (October 1909 to September 1910).*

DESCRIPTION.	Whether adopted from British Indian Act.	Introduced during the year under report.	REMARKS.
<b>I.—JUDICIAL.</b>			
Circular No. 5 relating to unstamped or insufficiently stamped documents ... ..	Adopted from British Indian Act ...	1st February 1910.	
<b>II.—CRIMINAL.</b>			
Circular No. 7 to regulate expenditure at "Nuktas" or funeral feasts ... ..	Local ... ..	1st December 1909.	
Circular No. 8 relating to certain local offences ... ..	Do. ... ..	1st June 1910.	
Circular No. 9 relating to the disposal of unclaimed (Lawaris) dead bodies ... ..	Do. ... ..	Do.	
Circular No. 10 dealing with Travelling expenses and dicting charges of witnesses ... ..	Do. ... ..	Do.	
Circular No. 11 on whipping ... ..	Adopted from British Indian Act ...	Do.	
<b>III.—CIVIL.</b>			
Circular No. 3 dealing with expenses and dicting charges of witnesses ... ..	Local ... ..	1st December 1909.	
Circular No. 4 relating to suits by paupers ... ..	Adopted from British Indian Act ...	1st July 1910.	
Circular No. 5 relating to suits brought to compel registration of documents ... ..	do. do. do.	6th May 1910.	

# APPENDIX III.

Statement showing the Strength, Cost and other particulars of the Military Forces in the Kotah State, 1909-1910 (1st October 1909 to 30th September 1910).

ARM OF SERVICE.	NUMBER OF FIGHTING OFFICERS AND MEN.						DETAILS OF FORCE AT THE END OF THE CURRENT YEAR.					Total Cost on account of Pay and Allowances of the Force, including Followers.	REMARKS.	
	At the end of the last year.	Recruited this year.	Casualties.			At the end of the current year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of Guns.	Number of Men.					
			Died.	Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, etc.				European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.			Fighting Men.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
REGULAR FORCE.														
Cavalry	301	9	4	5	...	301	2	...	...	9	40	252	85,558	9 9
Infantry	1,194	117	35	40	42	1,194	2	...	...	20	173	995	1,00,114	13 6
IRREGULAR FORCE.														
Cavalry (Paigas)	309	35	10	9	16	309	3	...	...	6	3	300	40,011	3 6
Infantry	886	60	19	11	30	886	1	...	...	9	90	787	35,554	4 9
Artillery	353	12	4	2	6	353	...	193	...	7	46	300	49,833	7 6
Sebandi	121	10	5	5	...	121	...	...	...	2	2	117	2,366	11 3
Jamaits	297	...	...	...	...	297	1	...	...	1	5	291	7,629	10 6
Fort Garrisons	810	64	31	10	23	810	8	...	...	16	89	705	43,226	5 6
Hakim Fauj and Office Establishment	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,483	12 3
Total	4,271	307	108	82	117	4,271	...	193	...	76	448	3,747	3,71,778	14 6

# APPENDIX IV.

Statement showing the Strength, Cost and Education of the Police for the Year Ending 30th September 1910.

Description of Office.	Number.	Pay of Grade.	Total Cost.	PUNISHMENTS.			REWARDS.		EDUCATION.		REMARKS.
				Dismissed.	Kind, degraded or suspended departmentally.	Punished judicially.	By Promotion.	By Money.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
General Superintendent Police	1	Rs. 400	Rs. 2,11,894	...	...	...	Rs. 1	...	1	...	
Deputy Do.	1	" 200		...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Assistant Do.	3	Rs. 100 to Rs. 150		...	...	...	...	...	3	...	
Inspectors	2	" 85		...	...	...	...	...	2	...	
Sub-Inspectors, 1st Grade	2	Rs. 80		...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Do. 2nd	6	" 60		...	...	...	...	...	6	...	
Do. 3rd	21	" 40		...	...	...	...	...	20	...	
Accountants	3	Rs. 15 to Rs. 50		...	...	...	...	...	3	...	
Moharrirs (office clerks)	10	" 15		...	...	...	...	...	10	...	
Head Constables, 1st Grade	6	Rs. 25		...	...	...	...	...	6	...	
Do. 2nd	15	" 20		...	...	...	...	...	11	...	
Do. 3rd	45	" 15		...	...	...	...	...	26	...	
Do. 4th	60	" 12		...	...	...	...	...	25	...	
Constables, 1st Grade	100	" 7		...	...	...	...	...	5	...	
Do. 2nd	297	Rs. 6 As. 8		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Do. 3rd	804	Rs. 6		169	61	11	...	192-8	21	...	
Mounted Police, including 1 Risaldar and 3 Dafadars	98	Rs. 21 to Rs. 40		1	17	...	13	...	5	...	
Sandni Savars	3	Rs. 8		...	2	...	...	...	...	...	
Duffry	1	" 6		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Menial Staff	19	Rs. 5 to Rs. 10.		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Chowkidars	370	Rs. 3		...	...	...	...	5	...	...	
TOTAL	1,867	.....	2,11,894	189	130	23	67	420	146	...	

# APPENDIX V.

Statement showing the working of the Police in the Kotah State during the Year (1st October 1909 to 30th September 1910).

STATE.	Number of Offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage of convictions (Columns 4 and 5).		Percentage of accused sent for trial.		REMARKS.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Kotah ... ..	21,74	2,003	3,368	2,855	3,368	2,855	1,357	1,067	1,959	1,754	40·27	37·33	40·27	37·33	31 are under trial and 3 died before trial.

# APPENDIX VI.

Statement Showing the Value of property Stolen and amount of Recoveries in the Kotah State during the Year (1st October 1909 to 30th September 1910.

STATE.	AMOUNT STOLEN.		AMOUNT RECOVERED.		PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERIES OF PROPERTY STOLEN.		REMARKS.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Kotah	64,703-10-0	39,535-11-9	21,784-15-6	14,119-11-0	33.67	35.71	

# APPENDIX VII.

Statement Showing the Number of Crimes Committed, Number of Cases Disposed of and Cases awaiting Trial in the Kotah State during the Year.  
(1st October 1909 to 30th September 1910).

Description of Cases.	NUMBER OF OFFENCES.			Number of cases disposed of during the past year.	Number of cases disposed of during the present year.	Number of persons apprehended.	Number of persons convicted.	NUMBER OF PERSONS SENTENCED.										TERMS OF IMPRISONMENT.										REMARKS.		
	Balance from last year.	OFFENCES.						Imprisonment.				Imprisonment with fine.		Fine.	Whipping.	Total.	Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined being insane.	Number of persons died during or before trial.	TERMS OF IMPRISONMENT.										
		Committed during the present year.	Total.					Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.	TERMS OF IMPRISONMENT.																		
												Under one month.	From 1 to 2 months.							From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	Life imprisonment.		Capital punishment.	Awaiting trial.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
Murder ... ..	1	5	6	5	6	8	4	...	3	...	1	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Culpable Homicide ... ..	...	6	6	13	5	9	4	...	1	...	3	...	...	4	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...
Attempt to murder ... ..	...	7	7	2	7	9	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	4	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Attempt to suicide ... ..	1	13	14	25	13	13	4	...	...	...	1	2	...	4	9	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dakaiti ... ..	...	23	23	16	18	134	98	...	48	1	49	...	...	98	35	...	...	...	1	...	...	4	3	...	11	33	45	...	...	...
Robbery ... ..	3	37	40	47	27	54	13	...	2	...	6	5	...	13	41	...	...	...	4	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Theft of Cattle ... ..	15	200	215	273	204	235	76	...	14	...	31	31	...	76	158	...	...	8	6	5	4	13	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Theft of Others ... ..	22	786	808	893	795	1,123	437	10	125	2	114	181	5	437	676	...	...	103	70	27	24	13	9	1	4	...	...	...	...	...
Infanticide ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Thagi ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Causing hurt by means of poison ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grievous hurt ... ..	...	32	32	30	31	45	25	...	3	...	16	6	...	25	19	...	...	1	3	1	2	5	1	2	4	...	...	...	...	...
Abduction ... ..	...	4	4	6	4	8	6	...	...	1	5	...	...	6	2	...	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Buying and disposing stolen property ... ..	1	5	6	8	6	7	3	...	...	...	1	2	...	3	4	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arson ... ..	1	22	23	19	21	33	7	...	...	...	6	1	...	7	25	...	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Selling minor for the purpose of prostitution ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Counterfeiting coins and offences against coining ... ..	1	1	2	1	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Others ... ..	27	862	889	848	857	1,175	386	1	56	4	90	229	6	386	769	...	...	29	45	19	22	23	6	5	2	...	...	...	...	...
Total ... ..	72	2,003	2,075	2,187	1,996	2,855	1,067	11	252	9	327	457	11	1,067	1,754	...	...	3	145	135	56	52	64	31	826	34	48	...	...	...





# APPENDIX IX.

Statement showing the Results of Appeals against Decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Kotah State during the year (1st October 1909 to 30th September 1910).

NUMBER OF PERSONS AND CASES.																	REMARKS.
	Number of applications.	Applications rejected.		SENTENCES.				Proceedings quashed.		Referred.		Further enquiry etc, ordered.		Pending.			
				Confirmed.		Modified.										Reversed.	
				Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	
TRIBUNALS.	Court of Sessions Judge	41	6	3	24	23	12	10	4	4	1	1	..	..	..	..	
	{ Appeals..																
	{ Revisions.	129	1	1	121	112	1	1	20	15	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Magistrate, Kotah	31	1	1	12	11	9	6	17	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	{ Appeals..																
	{ Revisions	137	8	5	115	115	..	..	..	..	19	17	..	..	..	..	
	Do. Baran...	20	..	..	9	9	1	1	10	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	{ Appeals..																
	{ Revisions	24	3	3	17	17	..	..	4	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Do. Iklara...	16	1	1	10	5	8	4	7	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Total	{ Appeals..																
	{ Revisions	37	4	3	22	22	..	..	6	6	1	1	3	3	3	3	
	{ Appeals...	108	8	5	55	48	30	21	38	32	..	..	..	..	1	1	
GRAND TOTAL	{ Revisions	327	16	12	275	266	1	1	30	25	1	1	3	3	2	2	
	{ Appeals...	435	24	17	330	314	31	22	68	57	1	1	3	3	3	3	

# APPENDIX X.

Civil Works—Nature and Value of Original Suits filed and disposed of during the Year (1st October 1909 to 30th September 1910).

TRIBUNALS.	OPENING BALANCE.		FILED DURING THE YEAR RECEIVED BY TRANSFER OR ON RE-MAND.		TOTAL.		DISPOSED OF DURING THE YEAR.		CLOSING BALANCE.		SUITS FILED DURING THE PRESENT YEAR.										SUITS DISPOSED OF DURING THE PRESENT YEAR.					REMARKS.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value.	Suits regarding landed prop.	Suits for money transactions.	Suits for other rights.	No. of suits under Rs. 100.	No. of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	No. of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1,000.	No. of suits above Rs. 1,000 and under Rs. 5,000.	No. of suits above Rs. 5,000 and under Rs. 10,000.	No. of suits above Rs. 10,000 and under Rs. 50,000.	Ex parte.	Admitted and Compromised.	Struck off the file.	Otherwise disposed.	Value.	Average duration.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Appellate Court in the exercise of original Jurisdiction...	1	...	2	3	3	3	3	3	...	...	Rs. A. P.	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	1	2	...	Rs. A. P.	...	...
Civil Court, Kotah, including Nizam Courts under it	343	212	1,351	1,006	1,694	1,309	1,482	1,113	212	195	101,538-2-6	35	1,022	39	925	138	21	12	...	257	131	211	514	1,03,147-10-3	...	...
Civil Court, Iklera, including Nizam Courts under it	65	97	625	623	690	725	593	596	97	129	36,642-14-3	23	635	50	552	61	12	3	...	59	100	147	290	32,101-12-3	...	...
Civil Court, Baran, including Nizam Courts under it	116	199	957	930	1,073	1,129	874	956	199	173	39,433-14-9	43	769	118	754	165	7	4	...	170	113	223	450	58,964-4-6	...	...
Total	525	508	2,935	2,657	3,400	3,165	2,952	2,668	503	497	1,91,813-7-0	103	2,347	207	2,231	364	...	19	3	186	345	583	1,254	2,11,502-2-6	...	...

# APPENDIX XI.

## CIVIL WORKS—Results of Applications for Execution of Decree.

TRIBUTONALS.	OPENING BALANCE.			VALUE OF OPENING BALANCE FOR PRESENT YEAR.	APPLICATION BROUGHT TO THE REGISTER.			TOTAL.			DISPOSED OF.			CLOSING BALANCE.			NATURE OF APPLICATIONS PLACING DISPOSAL AT THE CLOSE OF			REMARKS.	
	Past year.	Present year.	3		Past year.	Present year.	7	Past year.	Present year.	10	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	13	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Below six Months.	Below 12 Months.		Above 12 Months.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20		
Appellate Court in the exercise of Original Jurisdiction ...	9	4	Rs. A. P. 15,997 5 2	13	13	Rs. A. P. 39,864 0 10	22	17	55,861 6-0	18	17	55,861 6 0	4	...	...	Rs. A. P.	...	...	...		
Civil Court Kotah, including Nizamats Courts under its Jurisdiction ...	387	333	53,103 7 3	1,768	1,496	1,50,997 1 6	2,155	1,829	2,04,100-8-9	1,822	1,522	1,70,391 5 6	333	307	33,709 3 3	226	63	18			
Civil Court, Iklera, including Nizamats Courts under its Jurisdiction ...	82	137	12,675 7 4	386	266	35,008 9 9	468	403	47,684-1-1	331	318	30,284 3 10	137	85	17,399 13 3	73	8	4			
Civil Court, Baran, including Nizamats Courts under its Jurisdiction ...	86	131	24,889 9 3	650	784	63,209 13 2	736	915	88,098-6-5	605	719	66,435 9 11	131	196	21,662 12 6	169	26	1			
Total ...	564	605	1,06,564 13 0	2,817	2,559	2,89,079 9 3	3,381	3,164	3,95,744-6-3	2,776	2,576	3,22,972 9 3	605	588	72,771 13 0	408	97	23			

# APPENDIX XII.

Civil, Works—Number and Results of Appeals in Civil suits during the Year (1st October 1909 to 30th September 1910).

TRIBUNAL.	OPENING BALANCE.		FILED DURING		TOTAL		DISPOSED OF DURING		CLOSING BALANCE.		VALUE OF APPEALS FILED DURING		HOW DISPOSED OF.												AVERAGE DURATION.	
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	DECISION CONFIRMED.	DECISION REVERSED.	DECISION AMENDED.	CASES RE-MANAGED FOR TRIAL.	CASES COM-PROMISED AND OTHER-WISE DIS-POSED OF.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.			
...	24	4	181	137	205	141	201	140	4	1	31,392-2-10	20,302-4-9	121	73	27	14	3	4	15	28	...	...				
Appeal Court ...	25	1	68	26	93	27	92	24	1	3	5,465-5-3	2,138-13-3	34	8	6	4	2	3	19	2	...	...				
Civil Court, Kotah	11	7	49	45	60	52	53	45	7	7	3,533-13-0	1,737-1-9	17	17	7	4	2	3	8	4	...	...				
Civil Court, Iklera	...	5	33	97	33	102	28	97	5	5	1,500-3-0	4,564-6-0	18	30	8	9	...	...	...	21	...	...				
Civil Court, Baran	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
TOTAL	60	17	331	305	391	322	374	306	17	16	41,891-8-1	28,742-9-9	190	128	48	31	5	10	42	55	...	...				

# APPENDIX XIII.

Statement Showing the number of persons Confined in the Jail and Lock-ups in the Kotah State during the year (1st October 1909---to 30th September 1910).

STATIONS.	Number of Prisons.	NUMBER OF PRISONERS.				DAILY AVERAGE.		Number of Prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total Cost of Jail and Prisoners.	Average Period of Accused under trial.	Remarks (showing mortality among Convicts in Jail.)
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	TOTAL.		Past year.	Present year.				
				Past year.	Present year.						
Kotah Jail ...	1	364	436	1,723	800	433-20	591-50	402	24,660-10-3	5-20	Only nine Convicts died in the Jail.

APPENDIX XIV.

Registration of Documents in the Kotah State during the year ending 30th September 1910.

Name of State.	NAMES OF DOCUMENTS PRESENTED.																DOCUMENTS RE- MAINED UNREGIS- TERED ENDING INQUIRIES AT THE CLOSE OF THE YEAR.				REMARKS.
	DOCUMENTS PRESENTED FOR REGIS- TRATION		MORTGAGE		SALE DEEDS.		WILLS.		MONEY BONDS.		MISCEL- LANEOUS.		DOCUMENTS REGISTERED.		VALUE OF DOCUMENTS REGISTERED.		DOCUMENTS OF WHICH REGISTRY HAS BEEN REFUSED.		DOCUMENTS RE- MAINED UNREGIS- TERED ENDING INQUIRIES AT THE CLOSE OF THE YEAR.		
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Kotah	616	560	222	195	183	158	9	17	41	37	159	153	614	560	1,26,844-7-9	1,17,167-14-0	1	..	1	..	

# APPENDIX XV.

Statement showing the Receipts and Expenditure on account of Registration, during the Year (1st October 1909 to 30th September 1910.)

Description.	Past Year.			Present Year.			REMARKS.
	Number of Deeds.	Value of Property.	Fees realized.	Number of Deeds.	Value of Property.	Fees realized.	
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Documents of every sort ...	614	1,26,844 7 9	1,391 5 0	560	1,17,167 14 0	1,520 8 9	
Deduct—Expenditure ...	...	.....	294 6 9	...	.....	304 10 0	
Net Profit ...	...	.....	1,096 14 3	...	.....	1,015 14 9	



# APPENDIX XVI.

*Receipts and Expenditure of the Municipalities in the Kotah State during the Year ending 30th September 1910.*

NAME.	Opening balance.	RECEIPTS DURING THE YEAR.		Total in Current Year.	EXPENDITURE DURING THE CURRENT YEAR.		Balance on 30th September 1910.
		Past.	Present.		Past.	Present.	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Kotah Municipality	1,066	23,490	27,631	28,697	26,445	26,274	1,973
...							
...							

## APPENDIX XVII.

*Annual Statement of Rainfall measured at different Dispensaries in the Kotah State during the Year 1909-1910.*

Number.	Names of Dispensaries.	SEPT- BER. 1909.		OCTOBER 1909.		NOVEMBER 1909.		DECEMBER 1909.		JANUARY 1910.		FEBRUARY 1910.		MARCH 1910.		APRIL 1910.		MAY 1910.		JUNE 1910.		JULY 1910.		AUGUST 1910.		TOTAL.		REMARKS.
		Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	
1.	Kotah City	2	76	...	...	...	48	...	47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	02	...	...	8	17	4	35	7	91	24	16	
2	Atru	3	80	...	80	...	...	...	61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	64	4	63	12	78	26	29	
3	Baran	2	75	...	43	...	...	...	85	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	03	...	...	5	43	6	48	8	32	24	29	
4	Itawah	1	35	...	75	...	...	...	43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	07	...	...	3	23	2	05	6	61	14	49	
5	Indargarh	1	96	...	56	...	...	...	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	07	...	...	4	74	3	80	11	84	23	52	
6	Khanpur	2	37	...	56	...	...	...	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	...	7	06	5	34	8	25	24	10	
7	Mandana...	2	95	...	56	...	...	...	34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	10	4	91	10	30	27	16	
8	Mangrol	1	24	...	79	...	...	...	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	77	5	30	13	16	25	86	
9	Sangod	2	18	...	60	...	...	...	68	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	74	5	45	8	45	26	10	
10	Sultanpur	...	49	...	49	...	...	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	...	...	3	58	5	21	8	25	18	46	
11	Ohhipa Barod	1	95	...	23	...	1	...	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35	...	...	6	95	6	02	12	11	28	91	
12	Aklara	3	12	...	02	...	1	...	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	...	...	7	06	6	74	11	52	29	88	
13	Manohar Thana.	1	52	...	47	...	1	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	...	18	74	8	03	13	28	43	33	
14	Shahabad...	1	12	...	88	...	...	...	44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	...	...	5	28	4	61	12	86	25	36	
15	Bakani	1	20	...	20	...	1	...	52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	03	...	...	5	67	6	41	14	35	29	38	
16	Chechat	3	14	...	...	...	...	...	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	07	2	91	6	81	18	29	
17	Kishanganj	3	98	...	77	...	...	...	52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	...	4	81	6	31	10	21	26	79	
18	Antah	3	87	...	24	...	...	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	15	5	58	9	95	23	19	

# APPENDIX XVIII.

Statement as to Prices of Staple Food Grains.

ARTICLES.	DURING JUNE 1909			DURING JUNE 1910.			REMARKS.
	Maunds.	Seers.	Chataks.	Maunds.	Seers.	Chataks.	
Wheat	...	10	4	...	12	4	Prices are given per British rupee and per British weight.
Gram	...	13	8	...	15	12	
Juar	...	12	8	...	15	8	
Barley	...	13	4	...	17	...	
Bajra	...	11	...	...	13	...	
Rice (Country)	...	7	...	...	7	...	
Dal (Arhar)	...	6	...	...	8	...	

## APPENDIX XIX.

*Expenditure on Public Works during the Year ending 30th September 1910.*

DESCRIPTION OF WORKS.	STATE FUNDS.			LOCAL FUNDS.			REMARKS.
	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Military Works ... ..	799	1,368	2,167	.....	.....	.....	
Civil Buildings ... ..	1,10,389	30,023	1,40,414	.....	.....	.....	
Communications ... ..	20,175	68,896	89,071	.....	.....	.....	
Irrigation ... ..	7,240	7,119	14,359	.....	.....	.....	
Misellaneous Improvements ... ..	26,981	10,932	37,913	.....	.....	.....	
Total ... ..	1,65,584	1,18,338	2,83,922	.....	.....	.....	
Tools and Plants ... ..	.....	.....	517	.....	.....	.....	
Establishment... ..	.....	.....	43,231	.....	.....	.....	
TOTAL P. W. D. EXPENDITURE ... ..	.....	.....	3,27,670	.....	.....	.....	

# APPENDIX XX.

*Agricultural Stock in the Kotah State during the Year ending 30th September 1910.*

DISTRICT.	Year.	HORSES AND CATTLE.										PLOUGHS.		CARTS.		REMARKS.
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.		Mares.	Colts and Fillies.	Asses.	Sheep and Goats.	With two Bullocks.	With four Bullocks.	Riding.	Load carrying.	
Kotah ...	1966	1,41,990	1,47,281	4,822	68,251	8,642	1,51,886	5,635	1,87,006	34,344	...			15,881		

# APPENDIX XXI.

Statement showing the Excise Shops and Excise Revenue of the Kotah State during the Year ending 30th September 1910.

STATE.	COUNTRY SPIRIT.		OPIMUM.		GANJA, ETC.		TARI.		TOTAL.		REMARKS.
	No. of Shops.	Revenue.	No. of Shops.	Revenue.	No. of Shops.	Revenue.	No. of Shops.	Revenue.	No. of Shops.	Revenue.	
		Rs.				Rs.				Rs.	
Kotah ... ..	230	37,654	No restriction on sale of opium.	...	80	1,022	...	...	310	38,676	

## APPENDIX

Statement showing the Actual Income of the Kotah State during Samvat year 1966 from the proposed Budget Estimates

No.	Particulars.	Sanctioned Budget for Samvat 1966.			Actual income Samvat 1966.			Budget Estimate for Samvat 1967.		
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1	LAND REVENUE—									
	(a) Current ... ..	24,00,000	0	0	24,71,731	6	3	24,50,000	0	0
	(b) Arrears ... ..	50,000	0	0	1,02,246	12	3	50,000	0	0
	(c) Irrigation ... ..	15,000	0	0	15,891	0	0	15,000	0	0
	Total ... ..	24,65,000	0	0	25,89,869	2	6	25,15,000	0	0
2	CUSTOMS—									
	(a) Customs Department ...	4,25,000	0	0	4,85,231	13	9	4,50,000	0	0
	(b) Mapa ... ..	55,000	0	0	43,805	2	0	30,000	0	0
	(c) Bhome ... ..	.....			.....			.....		
	Total ... ..	4,80,000	0	0	5,29,036	15	9	4,80,000	0	0
3	FOREST—									
	(a) Jungle ... ..	60,100	0	0	42,470	12	6	54,500	0	0
	(b) Shikargah ... ..	3,000	0	0	3,000	0	0	3,000	0	0
	Total ... ..	63,100	0	0	75,470	12	6	57,500	0	0
4	JUDICIAL—									
	(a) Stamps ... ..	50,000	0	0	57,368	12	9	50,000	0	0
	(b) Fines ... ..	20,000	0	0	15,805	1	9	20,000	0	0
	(c) Fees and Talbana ... ..	4,000	0	0	10,231	14	6	4,000	0	0
	(d) Registration ... ..	1,000	0	0	832	8	0	1,000	0	0
	Total ... ..	75,000	0	0	84,238	5	0	75,000	0	0
5	Tribute from Kotris and Jagirdars...	1,04,500	0	0	92,736	4	3	86,400	0	0
6	Compensation in lieu of dues on Salt	19,175	0	0	19,175	0	0	19,175	0	0
7	Takavi ... ..	50,000	0	0	87,053	8	6	50,000	0	0
8	Abkari ... ..	40,000	0	0	38,676	0	3	40,000	0	0
9	Gardens ... ..	6,550	0	0	6,513	11	0	6,550	0	0
10	Jail ... ..	1,500	0	0	1,901	0	0	1,500	0	0
11	Bohargat ... ..	5,000	0	0	18,032	2	6	5,000	0	0
12	Railway ... ..	35,000	0	0	16,905	1	6	17,000	0	0
13	Savings of Pay, &c. ... ..	5,000	0	0	1,562	8	3	.....		
14	Refunds ... ..	8,000	0	0	8,420	14	9	8,000	0	0
15	Exchange and Interest ... ..	8,000	0	0	22,303	9	3	30,000	0	0
16	Miscellaneous ... ..	90,000	0	0	1,09,506	6	9	1,00,000	0	0
	TOTAL RECEIPTS ... ..	34,55,825	0	0	37,01,401	6	9	34,91,125	0	0
	Balance in hand on 30th Sept. 1909	.....			12,34,085	4	3	.....		
	GRAND TOTAL ... ..	.....			49,35,486	11	0	.....		





## APPENDIX

Statement showing the Actual Expenditure of the Kotah State during Samvat 1966 from 1st for Samvat

No.	Particulars.	Budget of Samvat 1966.			Actual Expenditure for Samvat 1966.			Budget Estimate for Samvat 1967.		
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1	Tribute to British Government ...	4,34,720	0	0	4,34,720	0	0	4,34,720	0	0
2	" " Jaipur ...	14,397	13	0	14,397	13	0	14,397	13	0
3	Political Agency ...	28,841	0	0	30,292	13	9	29,034	0	0
4	<b>PALACE—</b>									
	(a) Personal expense of H. H....	1,44,600	0	0	1,44,520	2	3	1,56,600	0	0
	(b) " " Shri Mahara- raj Kumar ...	.....	0	0	.....			3,000	0	0
	(c) Establishments ...	48,240	0	0	40,904	15	3	56,454	0	0
	(d) Personal allowance of Their Highnesses ...	42,000	0	0	42,000	0	0	45,000	0	0
	(e) Other individual allowances and Denzanana ...	45,360	0	0	45,360	0	0	45,360	0	0
	Total ...	2,80,200	0	0	2,72,785	1	6	3,06,414	0	0
5	Mahakama Khas ...	26,052	0	0	26,594	0	3	26,131	0	0
6	<b>REVENUE DEPARTMENT—</b>									
	(a) Mal Sadar ...	2,05,127	0	0	1,97,443	11	6	2,07,127	0	0
	(b) Irrigation ...	8,642	0	0	8,407	6	0	8,782	0	0
1	(c) Settlement ...	6,000	0	0	13,000	0	0	.....		
2	(c) Sanitation in the District ...	20,000	0	0	14,018	7	9	18,000	0	0
	(d) Rasooms or annual pay- ments to Patels Sansris and Balahis. }	90,306	0	0	79,412	10	3	1,01,206	0	0
	(e) Huck Qanungo.							.....		
	(f) Takavi ...	20,000	0	0	6,418	14	0	15,000	0	0
	(g) Bohargat ...	2,000	0	0	1,503	1	9	1,600	0	0
	Total ...	3,52,075	0	0	3,20,204	3	3	3,51,715	0	0
7	<b>JUDICIAL—</b>									
	(a) Sessions Judge's Court ...	10,505	0	0	11,151	2	3	9,215	0	0
	(b) Civil Courts ...	6,868	0	0	6,808	15	0	6210	0	0
	(c) Criminal Courts ...	11,979	0	0	12,685	11	6	12,678	0	0
	Total ...	29,352	0	0	30,645	12	9	28,103	0	0
8	<b>FAUJ (ARMY)—</b>									
	(a) Office Establishment ...	7,405	0	0	7,483	12	3	7,537	0	0
	(b) Artillery ...	49,966	0	0	49,833	7	6	43,438	0	0
	(c) Fort Garrison ...	49,125	0	0	49,158	1	0	51,807	0	0
	(d) Regular Cavalry ...	96,324	12	0	96,205	3	3	83,358	0	0
	(e) Irregular " ...	29,496	0	0	29,364	9	0	46,578	0	0
	(h) Regular Infantry ...	1,00,119	0	0	1,00,114	13	6	1,01,919	0	0
	(k) Irregular " ...	40,379	4	0	39,619	0	0	40,370	0	0
	Total ...	3,72,815	0	0	3,71,778	14	6	3,75,007	0	0
9	<b>POLICE DEPARTMENT—</b>									
	City ...	17,417	0	0	17,417	0	0	16,395	0	0
	District ...	2,31,354	0	0	2,31,354	0	0	2,31,354	0	0
	Criminal Tribes ...	2,196	0	0	2,678	3	3	2,166	0	0
	Total ...	2,50,967	0	0	2,51,449	3	3	2,49,945	0	0
	Carried over ...	.....			.....			.....		

## XXII.—(contd.).

October 1909 to 30th September 1910 with the Estimate of Samvat 1966 and the Budget Estimate 1167.

DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE ESTIMATE AND THE ACTUALS OF SAMVAT 1966.				DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE BUDGET ESTIMATES OF SAMVATS 1966 and 1967.				REMARKS.
More.		Less.		Increase.		Decrease.		
Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1,451	13	9	.....	.....	.....	193	0	0
.....	.....	.....	79	13	9	12,000	0	0
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,000	0	0
.....	.....	.....	7,335	0	9	8,214	0	0
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,000	0	0
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1,451	13	9	7,414	14	6	26,214	0	0
542	0	3	.....	.....	.....	79	0	0
.....	.....	.....	7,683	4	6	2,000	0	0
.....	.....	.....	234	10	0	140	0	0
7,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,000	0 0
.....	.....	.....	5,981	8	3	.....	2,000	0 0
.....	.....	.....	10,893	5	9	10,900	0	0
.....	.....	.....	13,581	2	0	.....	5,000	0 0
.....	.....	.....	496	14	3	.....	400	0 0
7,000	0	0	38,870	12	9	13,640	0	0
646	2	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,290	0 0
.....	.....	.....	59	1	0	.....	658	0 0
706	11	6	.....	.....	.....	699	0	0
1,352	13	9	59	1	0	699	0	0
78	12	3	.....	.....	.....	132	0	0
.....	.....	.....	132	8	6	.....	6,528	0 0
33	1	0	.....	.....	.....	2,682	0	0
.....	.....	.....	119	8	9	.....	12,966	12 0
.....	.....	.....	131	7	0	17,082	0	0
.....	.....	.....	4	2	6	1,800	0	0
.....	.....	.....	760	4	0	.....	9	4 0
111	13	3	1,147	14	9	21,696	0	0
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,022	0 0
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
482	3	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
482	3	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,022	0 0
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

## APPENDIX

Statement showing the actual Expenditure of the Kotah State during Samvat 1966 from 1st for Samvat

No.	Particulars.	Budget of Samvat 1966.			Actual Expenditure for Samvat 1966.			Budget Estimate for Samvat 1967.		
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
	Brought forward ...	.....			.....			.....		
10	Customs Department ...	40,064	0	0	41,428	8	9	42,079	0	0
11	Account and Audit Office ...	11,136	0	0	11,128	4	9	11,172	0	0
12	Treasury ...	6,841	0	0	7,050	0	9	6,841	0	0
13	Kotris ...	1,645	0	0	1,702	3	6	1,645	0	0
14	KARKHANAS—									
	(a) Establishment ...	2,530	0	0	2,541	8	6	2,566	0	0
	(b) Raj Stable ...	43,194	0	0	49,909	15	0	43,589	0	0
	(c) Polo Stable ...	21,100	0	0	21,080	0	0	21,100	0	0
	(d) Elephants ...	11,865	0	0	32,710	10	0	13,755	0	0
	(e) Bullocks ...	7,716	0	0	8,905	8	0	8,920	0	0
	(f) Camels ...	7,122	0	0	6,573	5	3	7,122	0	0
	(g) Farash Khana Garh ...	7,805	0	0	8,185	5	9	7,805	0	0
	(h) „ Bungalow ...	3,674	0	0	4,281	3	6	3,773	0	0
	(i) Grass Establishment ...	1,954	0	0	1,802	2	9	2,074	0	0
	(j) Nuqqar Khana ...	1,843	0	0	1,726	2	6	1,843	0	0
	Total ...	1,08,803	0	0	1,37,715	13	3	1,12,547	0	0
15	Ambar ...	4,105	0	0	4,318	13	6	3,985	0	0
16	Gardens ...	29,946	0	0	29,691	7	9	21,794	0	0
17	FOREST CONSERVANCY—									
	(a) Forest ...	24,820	0	0	22,177	10	9	25,943	0	0
	(b) Shikargah ...	15,290	0	0	15,195	4	9	15,734	0	0
	(c) Arboriculture ...	.....			.....			.....		
	Total ...	40,110	0	0	37,372	15	6	41,677	0	0
18	Schools ...	43,338	0	0	43,304	4	3	48,516	0	0
19	Public Works Department ...	3,26,931	0	0	3,27,670	0	0	4,01,480	0	0
20	Medical ...	65,120	0	0	62,051	8	3	71,933	0	0
21	Jail ...	27,650	0	0	24,658	14	3	27,650	0	0
22	PUN DEPARTMENT—									
	(a) Charities ...	1,51,997	0	0	1,44,547	5	3	1,52,140	0	0
	(b) Pensions ...	62,426	0	0	61,847	7	6	65,210	0	0
	(c) Gratuities ...	1,000	0	0	7,093	3	6	1,000	0	0
	Total ...	2,15,423	0	0	2,13,488	0	3	2,18,350	0	0
23	VAREELS—									
	Abu ...	4,533	8	0	3,837	15	3	4,533	8	0
	Deoli ...	3,299	8	0	3,242	4	0	3,299	8	0
	Total ...	7,833	0	0	7,080	3	3	7,833	0	0
24	Committee Walter Krit (Rajputra Hitkarni Sabha) ...	1,182	0	0	878	15	6	1,182	0	0
25	Band ...	7,264	0	0	7,263	14	9	7,264	0	0
26	Festivals ...	13,024	0	0	13,310	1	3	13,024	0	0
	Carried over ...	.....			.....			.....		

## XXII.—(contd.).

October 1909 to 31st September 1910, with the Estimate of Samvat 1966 and the Budget Estimate 1967.

DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE ESTIMATE AND THE ACTUALS OF SAMVAT 1966.				DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE BUDGET ESTIMATES OF SAMVAT 1966-67.				REMARKS.
More.		Less.		Increase.		Decrease.		
Rs.	a	p.	Rs.	a	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
.....			.....			.....		
1,364	8	9	.....			2,015	0	0
.....			7	11	3	36	0	0
209	0	9	.....			.....		
57	3	6	.....			.....		
.....			.....			.....		
11	8	6	.....			36	0	0
6,715	15	0	.....			395	0	0
.....			20	0	0	.....		
20,845	10	0	.....			1,890	0	0
1,189	8	0	.....			1,204	0	0
.....			548	10	9	.....		
380	5	9	.....			.....		
607	3	6	.....			99	0	0
.....			151	13	3	120	0	0
.....			116	13	6	.....		
29,750	2	9	837	5	6	3,744	0	0
.....			.....			.....		
213	13	6	.....			.....	120	0
.....			254	8	3	.....	8,152	0
.....			.....			.....	0	0
.....			2,642	5	3	1,123	0	0
.....			94	11	3	444	0	0
.....			.....			.....		
.....			2,737	0	6	1,567	0	0
.....			.....			.....		
.....			33	11	9	5,178	0	0
739	0	0	.....			74,549	0	0
.....			3,068	7	9	6,813	0	0
.....			2,991	1	9	.....		
.....			.....			.....		
.....			7,449	10	9	143	0	0
.....			578	8	6	2,784	0	0
6,093	3	6	.....			.....		
6,093	3	6	8,028	3	3	2,927	0	0
.....			.....			.....		
.....			695	8	9	.....		
.....			57	4	0	.....		
.....			752	12	9	.....		
.....			.....			.....		
.....			303	0	6	.....		
.....			0	1	3	.....		
286	1	3	.....			.....		
.....			.....			.....		
.....			.....			.....		

## APPENDIX

Statement showing the Actual Expenditure of the Kotah State during Samvat 1966 from 1st  
for Samvat

No.	Particulars.	Budget of Samvat 1966.			Actual Expenditure for Samvat 1966.			Budget Estimate for Samvat 1967.		
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
	Brought forward ...	.....			.....			.....		
27	GIFTS AND REWARDS—									
	(a) Marriage ... ..	4,800	0	0	2,420	4	0	4,800	0	0
	(b) Death ... ..	.....			.....			.....		
	(c) Guests ... ..	5,000	0	0	4,543	3	9	8,000	0	0
	(d) Rewards ... ..	2,100	0	0	1,710	12	3	2,100	0	0
	Total ...	1,1900	0	0	8,674	4	0	14,900	0	0
28	Boats and Steam Launch ... ..	1,144	0	0	1,183	3	0	1,144	0	0
29	Exchange and Interest ... ..	6,000	0	0	2,785	10	6	1,000	0	0
30	Allowance to Jhalawar Ex-Chief ...	20,000	0	0	20,000	5	6	20,000	0	0
31	Compensation to Kotris and Jagirdars for Salt ... ..	3,175	0	0	3,175	0	0	3,175	0	0
32	Refunds ... ..	10,000	0	0	26,696	15	9	10,000	0	0
33	MISCELLANEOUS—									
	Sarbarahi... ..	10,000	0	0	12,850	14	9	10,000	0	0
	Other Ordinary Expenses ...	35,000	0	0	1,13,644	14	9	40,000	0	0
	Total ...	45,000	0	0	1,26,495	13	6	50,000	0	0
	Total Ordinary Expenditure ...	28,37,053	13	0	29,11,993	4	0	29,54,657	13	0
	EXTRAORDINARY—									
	Repayment of Loan ... ..	1,25,000	0	0	1,25,000	0	0	.....		
	Others ... ..	.....			12,993	2	9	.....		
	Total ...	29,62,053	13	0	30,49,986	6	9	29,54,657	13	0
	Balance in hand on 30th Sept. 1910	.....			*18,85,500	4	3	.....		
	GRAND TOTAL ...	.....			49,35,486	11	0	.....		

DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE BUDGET AND ACTUALS OF SAMVAT 1966.			DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE BUDGET ESTIMATES OF SAMVAT 1966 AND 1967.			REMARKS.
More.	Less.		More.	Less.		
Rs.    a.    p.	Rs.	a.    p.	Rs.    a.    p.	Rs.	a.    p.	
.....	.....		.....	.....		
.....	2,379	12    0	.....	.....		
.....	.....		.....	.....		
.....	456	12    3	3,000	0    0		
.....	389	3    9	.....	.....		
-----	3,225	12    0	3,000	0    0	-----	
39    0    0	.....		.....	.....		
.....	3,214	5    6	.....	5,000	0    0	
0    5    6	.....		.....	.....		
.....	.....		.....	.....		
16,696    15    9	.....		.....	.....		
2,850    14    9	.....		.....	.....		
78,644    14    9	.....		5,000	0    0	.....	
81,495    13    6	.....		5,000	0    0	-----	
1,47,886    4    0	72,946	13    0	1,66,750	0    0	4,9146    0    0	
Net increase	74,939	7    0	Net increase	1,17,604	0    0	Railway— Repairs of the line washed out between Atru and Chajawa in the rains of Samvat 1965, out of Rs. 18,575-3-6... 12,255-1-
.....	.....		.....	.....		Shri Maharaj Kumar ... .. 738-1-
.....	.....		.....	.....		Total .. 12,993-2-
.....	.....		.....	.....		*Cash ... .. 12,85,500-4-3 Short period deposits at various Banks ... .. 6,00,000-0-0 Total .. 18,85,500-4-3

Railway—	
Repairs of the line washed out between Atru and Chajawa in the rains of Samvat 1965, out of Rs. 18,575-3-6...	12,255-1-0
Shri Maharaj Kumar ... ..	738-1-9
Total ..	12,993-2-9

*Cash	...	12,85,500-4-3
Short period deposits at various Banks	...	6,00,000-0-0
<b>Total</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>18,85,500-4-3</b>

## APPENDIX XXIII.

*Statement of Medical Relief in the Kotah State during the Year 1909-1910.*

NAMES OF DISPENSARIES.	NUMBER OF PATIENTS TREATED.		RESULT OF IN-DOOR PATIENTS.				Daily Average.	OPERATIONS.		Expenditure.			REMARKS.
	Out-door.	In door.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.		Major.	Minor.				
Kotah City Hospital ...	16,906	328	236	47	22	23	138.42	66	810	5,165	11	6	
Victoria „ ...	8,563	187	148	22	8	9	63.47	15	325	6,913	2	...	
Local Regtl. „ ...	12,457	73	62	...	2	9	102.69	1	307	1,527	13	3	
Atru Dispensary ...	3,077	34	25	4	4	1	26.23	4	59	667	12	2	
Baran „ ...	9,708	49	35	8	6	...	70.21	5	224	1,516	15	9	
Itawah „ ...	5,291	49	39	8	2	...	32.28	11	195	921	9	9	
Indargarh „ ...	6,361	37	25	8	4	...	73.52	8	111	1,183	2	2	
Khanpur „ ...	5,963	30	27	...	3	...	38.70	6	92	1,138	2	3	
Mandana „ ...	4,106	65	57	3	5	...	30.20	10	109	1,001	8	3	
Mangraol „ ...	5,050	55	51	4	...	...	49.62	5	275	742	6	...	
Sangod „ ...	7,359	34	29	2	2	1	49.27	3	157	955	7	...	
Sultanpur „ ...	4,433	29	25	...	1	3	29.33	1	223	802	13	6	
Chipa Barod „ ...	9,992	88	72	14	1	1	88.18	25	146	982	8	3	
Iklera „ ...	7,243	62	56	2	2	2	40.67	4	243	971	...	9	
Manohar Thana Dispensary ...	8,765	65	58	5	1	1	45.21	11	127	983	13	...	
Shahabad „ ...	4,697	31	27	3	1	...	30.45	5	111	1,066	3	6	
Bakani „ ...	8,756	21	16	3	2	...	45.93	2	170	917	2	2	
Chechat „ ...	6,875	31	29	2	...	...	38.90	3	110	947	2	9	
Kishanganj „ ...	4,322	11	10	...	...	1	42.91	2	67	1,394	2	9	
Antah „ ...	6,750	33	26	3	2	2	44.29	6	162	856	11	...	
TOTAL ...	1,46,674	1,312	1,053	138	68	53	1080.45	193	4,025	30,655	3	9	

# APPENDIX XXIV.

*Vital Statistics of the Kotah State for the Year ending 30th September 1910.*

NAME.	Population.	BIRTHS.		Increase.	Decrease.	DEATHS.		Increase.	Decrease.	† RATIO PER 1,000 OF POPULATION.			
		Births.				Deaths.				Births.		Deaths.	
		Past year.	Present year.			Past year.	Present year.			Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.
Kotah State ...	* ,44,879	10,995	11,474	479	...	7,379	7,866	487	...	20.17	21.06	13.54	14.43

\* Includes the population of Kotris (44,613) for which Statistics are not available.  
† Exclusive of Kotris.



# APPENDIX XXV.

Particulars as to the Schools Maintained by the Kotah State for the Year 1909—1910.

NUMBER OF INSTITUTIONS.	Description of Schools.	NUMBER OF PUPILS ON ROLLS.		AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE.		EXPENDITURE.				TOTAL.
		Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Collegiate.	Secondary.	Primary.	Direction and Inspection.	
	SECONDARY SCHOOLS.					Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
	1. H.E. the Maharaja's High School ...	233	278	200	190	...	10,314 0 0	...	...	10,314 0 0
	Nobles' Boarding House ...					...	5,272 0 0	...	...	5,272 0 0
	2. Branch School ...					...	2,340 0 0	...	...	2,340 0 0
56.	Nagri Section ...	26	139	23	93	...	2,720 0 0	...	...	2,720 0 0
	PRIMARY SCHOOLS.									
	Boys' Schools ...	2805	2,399	1,913	1,743	...	...	12,980 0 0	...	12,980 0 0
	Girls' Schools ...	239	169	142	98	...	...	1,404 0 0	...	1,404 0 0
	Mayo College ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,096 4 3
	DIRECTOR AND INSPECTION ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,178 0 0	2,178 0 0
	TOTAL ...	3,333	2,985	2,278	2,124		20,646 0 0	14,384 0 0	2,178 0 0	43,304 4 3





